

## CANNON LOOKS WITH FAVOR UPON WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA.

John K. Tener Will Go on the River and Harbors Committee and Cooper Is to Be on Printing Committee.

### BOTH ARE GOOD PLACES

New Holds an Important Place on the Foreign Affairs Committee, but Was Not a Candidate for Chairmanship Honors—Burke Is Also in It.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 5.—Speaker Cannon has let it be known that his last official act before the final adjournment of the extra session will be the announcement of the committees of the House for the Sixty-first Congress. He will reserve this for the last because he knows that the list of committees will be full of disappointments to members who have failed to land the places they sought. Important for advance information have been met with emphatic refusals, but from intimations that have been let drop among those who are in the Speaker's confidence, it is believed that Pennsylvania will fare well when the committees are announced.

John K. Tener of Charleroi will be the Pennsylvania member of the Rivers and Harbors Committee, in the opinion of those best informed. Several members of the delegation have been applicants for this assignment. E. F. Acheson served on this committee for several years, but he retired with the last Congress, and his successor, Mr. Tener, is understood to be slated for this place on this committee.

It is not common for a first termor to be put on Rivers and Harbors, but Mr. Tener has strong political backing, and the Speaker evidently wishes to leave the representation where it was. Representative Tener is interested in the improvement of rivers in the western part of the State and can be relied upon to exert his influence to this end.

But Mr. Tener will not be the only first termor to get on Rivers and Harbors. It reports are to be believed, for Representative Cassidy of Cleveland, who succeeds Theodore E. Burton in the House, is expected to be appointed Ohio's member of this committee. Mr. Cassidy served for seven years as a clerk of the Rivers and Harbors Committee and is familiar with the work. He is a declared friend of the Ohio river improvement, and has said he will favor the prompt advancement of the work.

"I believe that it will be wise to authorize this entire improvement just as soon as practical," said Mr. Cassidy when asked his views regarding the Ohio.

Representative Allen F. Cooper of Uniontown is said to be the choice of the Speaker for chairman of the House Committee on Printing. Mr. Cooper, who holds membership upon the Committee on Foreign Affairs, one of the most desirable berths in the gift of the Speaker, was not a candidate for chairmanship honors, and if it comes to him it will come unlooked for. The Printing Committee, though a small one, is a very important one and has responsible duties, which require a chairman who is a lively, level-headed business man. Mr. Cooper fits the requirements, and if he is selected for it will be a compliment of high order.

Representative Olmsted of Harrisburg is to be chairman of the Committee on Insular Affairs to succeed Mr. Cooper of Wisconsin, who is to be deposed because he has joined the insurgent ranks. Mr. Vanger of Norristown has been spoken of for chairman of the Inter-State Commerce committee, but it was learned today that his place will go to Mr. Mann of Illinois. Mr. Vanger withdrew from consideration for the appointment and asked the Speaker to name Mr. Mann. It is understood that Mr. Burke of

Pittsburg will be given a chairmanship, though it could not be learned which one. He will retain the desirable assignments he now enjoys, including that on military affairs. Mr. Daisell will hold his place as ranking member of Ways and Means and Rules, each of which is regarded as equivalent to a chairmanship. Colonel Huff of Greensburg will remain chairman of the Committee on Mines and Mining. Carrying an aggregate appropriation of \$1,000,000, or \$300,000 more than as originally reported, the conference report on the urgent deficiency appropriation bill was adopted by the House today.

Bitter opposition was directed against the provisions of the bill respecting the establishment of a customs court and providing for the purchase of automobiles for the Vice President and the Speaker, but all attempts to send the report back to the conference for amendment were defeated. The bill, as passed, made no provision for the payment of salaries of judges and officers of the court.

### TELLS HOW RINEHART SPENT OVER \$1,000,000

More Inside Facts of Famous Waynesburg Bank Case Heard in Court.

A detailed citation of means used by James B. F. Rinehart, convicted cashier of the Farmers & Drovers National Bank of Waynesburg, in robbing the bank of over \$1,000,000, is given in a bill in equity filed in United States Court yesterday by Attorneys McCleave and Wendt, in behalf of John H. Strawn, receiver of the bank, against Rinehart, George W. Gordon and D. S. Walton, trustees.

Following the closing of the bank Rinehart made over to Gordon and Walton in trust for the bank his interests in the Morris township block of coal, Greene county; a farm in Franklin township, Greene county; a residence and several town lots in Waynesburg; a farm in Lane county, Kansas, and stocks in several corporations. In all valued at about \$70,000.

Since his conviction and sentence for 15 years in the Western Penitentiary, Rinehart alleges that the amount he owed the bank has been paid, and he objects to the sale of the property.

Receiver Strawn charges that Rinehart owes the bank over \$1,000,000 in excess of the value of the property, and the suit asks that Rinehart be enjoined from interfering with the sale of said property, which the court is asked to turn over to the receiver for the benefit of the bank's creditors.

Among amounts alleged to have been misappropriated by Rinehart are \$150,000 alleged to have been used for "boodle" over draft drawn from the bank by James L. Iams, trustee, in 1904. It is asserted Rinehart indorsed notes on the Waynesburg Pressed Steel Company amounting to \$250,000 by which the bank lost \$100,000.

It is alleged \$350,000 was lost to the bank by the indorsement of Rinehart on notes in favor of J. L. Iams, J. F. Tilton and George F. Auld, which \$65,000 was lost. It is said, by Rinehart's rediscussing notes of the W. H. Griffith Company, of which he was Treasurer. False credits are said to have been entered to the amount of \$600,000, and defalcations of \$800,000 shown in false entries entered on the bank's books as assets.

Married by Magistrate. Pietro Mariotti and Santa Nicolanti, a young foreign couple, were married last evening by Justice of the Peace W. P. Clark.

## NEW SCHEME FOR ASSESSING LANDS

West Virginia Board Will Place Tracts in Certain Belts and Strike An Average.

MORGANTOWN, W. V., Aug. 5.—After an adjournment from Friday the members of the Monongalia Board of Review and Equalization met this morning to complete their examination of the assessor's land books. The time allowed for the session expires today, but on account of the frequent adjournments the Monongalia board will be in session at least a week longer. Nothing was done the first two weeks, the board meeting just often enough to adjourn every few days until the land books were completed and ready for examination. On account of these adjournments at least ten days have been added to the session. In case the work is not completed within the required time the board will remain in session a few days longer, although the members will receive no extra compensation.

A new scheme for assessing the coal held by the companies owning large tracts was decided upon at the morning session today. The coal has been divided up into belts, the different sections of each tract lying in the different belts being marked for assessment at varying prices. Instead of having perhaps a dozen entries in the land book with a different price on each small tract, the board has decided to add up the total acreage the whole tract at the average rate.

## MANY RUSHING TO ATLANTIC CITY TODAY

Two Specials Are Run Over the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad from Pittsburg.

Two special trains were run out of Pittsburg this morning to accommodate the large crowds who took advantage of the semi-monthly excursion to Atlantic City. The trains followed regular train No. 6, the first one being made up of ten Pullman cars. Extra cars will be attached to all the evening trains. The excursion was one of the largest of the season.

Among those who boarded the train here were Mr. and Mrs. Charles Watson, Misses Lucy Stillwagon, Jessie Harris, Gertrude Cyphers, Ida Harris, Mayme and Nelle Brickman, Bertha Cunningham, of Connellsville; Rev. and Mrs. J. B. Risk, Mrs. Nettie Phillips, Miss Bessie Beger, Miss Mary Allen, Miss Mayme Nutt, Mr. and Mrs. E. Hess, Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Cobbs, Miss Florence Blower and Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Carroll, of Uniontown, and Miss Clara Smith of Morgantown.

## MAN IS ANXIOUS TO KNOW HOW OLD HE IS

For the Second Time in the Past Year Cunningham Has Asked the Police to Tell Him.

For the second time in the past two years John H. Cunningham of 41 Forbes street, Dover, N. H., has written the authorities here to learn, if possible, his correct age and the date of his birth. This time, as upon a former occasion, the borough officials are unable to aid him.

Mr. Cunningham states that the record of his birth would probably be found in the archives of the borough, but the registration of vital statistics in this State is of too recent an origin to aid him. He states that he wishes to establish his citizenship in Dover. The writer says he is the son of John and Mary (Tierney) Cunningham, who lived in Connellsville, but who died when he was only two or three years old. This was 20 years ago.

### OLD SOLDIER FIGHTS.

Reverts Street Preacher's Utterance and Breaks Up Meeting.

ALTOONA, Pa., Aug. 4.—James Smith, a Civil War veteran, was arrested yesterday for disturbing a religious meeting at a street corner. Smith alleged the evangelist cast reflections on high Federal officers.

When he was taken before Mayor Hoyer for a hearing he presented his side of the case so well that not only was he discharged, but the Mayor reprimanded the minister.

### VACATION FOR GOOD.

One Chef Has a Little Time Off; His Successor Is in Bastille.

One of the local hotels is shy a chef. The regular holder of the job was given a permanent vacation yesterday while his successor, Arthur Stillgas, of Washington, Pa., blew in to town yesterday and tanked up.

His jag reached the disorderly stage and he was pulled in. He will spend 72 hours in the bastille unless the proprietor of the hotel comes up with a five spot.

## KEIGHLEY SAYS MINING WAS BAD.

Coke Expert on Stand in Naomi Suit Today Testifies for Defense.

### THERE WAS TOO MUCH WASTE

Also Says That Unnecessary Damage to Property Could Be Avoided by Better Methods in Mining—Others Testify.

UNIONTOWN, Aug. 5.—P. C. Keighley, General Superintendent of the Oliver & Snyder plants in this region and one of the best posted men on mining matters in this State, took the stand this morning in behalf of Mrs. Elizabeth S. Moore, who is defendant in the suit of the Naomi Coal Company.

Mr. Keighley said the methods employed in the Naomi mine were bad. He said entirely too much coal was being wasted and that there were evidences that he detected symptoms of a squeeze in its primary state. This is sure to cause trouble and much loss, he predicted.

In his two visits to the mine Mr. Keighley said he saw evidences of bad mining methods having been employed. For one thing there was no break which extended to the surface, something that should be found in every well regulated mine as it prevents squeezes. The ribs were left standing, together with pillars and room stumps. These would be a total loss in case of a bad squeeze.

Mr. Keighley was on the stand when court adjourned at noon. George S. Duck of Pittsburg and W. R. Skelly of Irwin, two experts, testified that bad mining methods were used and stated the recovery should range between 85 and 95 per cent.

## TARIFF BILL PASSES SENATE BY BIG VOTE

Forty-Seven in Favor of Payne Bill to 31 Against It—Up to Taft.

United Press Telegram.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—The tariff bill passed the Senate at 2 o'clock this afternoon by a vote of 47 to 31 and the war is over. The bill goes to President Taft today for his signature.

There is no question but that the President will affix his signature to the document and the law will become effective immediately.

### VOTE ON STRIKE.

Chicago Street Car Men Seem to Favor Quitting.

CHICAGO, Aug. 5.—(Special.)—Employees of all the surface lines in Chicago are voting today on their proposition to strike. Ballot boxes were distributed throughout the city and the men began to vote early. From the sentiment expressed by the men as they appeared at the polls, and a heavy vote was cast which seems to be no doubt in the minds of the informed persons that the result will be a declaration for the walkout. Boxes will be open until 8 tomorrow morning when the count will immediately begin.

### MEET TONIGHT.

Merchants Will Have Gathering to Settle Up Plague Affairs.

The regular semi-monthly meeting of the Connellsville Merchants' Association will be held this evening in the Chamber of Commerce rooms. The financial report of the Merchants' picnic will be submitted at this meeting for approval.



Cloudy! Partly cloudy tonight and Friday is the moon weather forecast.

## SWALLOWED A NICKEL; VERY NEARLY DIED

Six Year Old Nora Leeper Suffered Greatly After Peculiar Accident.

As the result of swallowing a five cent piece Tuesday evening Nora Leeper, aged six, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Leeper of the Marietta apartment on North Pittsburg street, has been in a serious condition, up until last evening. The child was on her way to the store Tuesday evening to purchase some candy. She put the money in her mouth and while coughing it slipped down her throat. On returning to her home she told her parents of the accident. As the child seemed to be as well as usual her parents paid no attention to the accident until yesterday morning when she complained of not being able to swallow her food. The money is supposed to have lodged in the child's throat. Several physicians were summoned and at first it was thought that the child would have to be removed to the hospital for an operation but after working on her throat for several hours last evening the physician in attendance stated that he thought the money had been dislodged. Since the accident the child has developed the measles but since last night has not complained of any trouble with her throat.

## ANNIE KERR DOES NOT EXPLAIN TO THE SQUIRE

When Arraigned Before Magistrate Clark She Did Not Account For Diamond Ring.

Annie Kerr will have a chance to let a jury of her peers determine whether she robbed Mrs. Carrie Marietta of a valuable diamond ring. It is alleged, she took from its setting in a ring and secreted. Annie was given a hearing before Justice of the Peace W. P. Clark and had, strange to say, nothing to talk about.

Harry Shaw was an important witness for the Commonwealth. Harry said Annie told him she had pried the stone out of its setting and concealed the jewel in her trunk. When first arrested Annie declared Harry told this yarn because they had had a falling out.

Mrs. Marietta testified that she missed the stone and made a careful but fruitless search for it. She said she had taken the ring to Jeweler A. B. Kurtz, who said there was evidence that some instrument had been used to pry the prongs outward and permit the removal of the stone. Annie gave bail for her appearance at September court.

## NEW TARIFF RATES IN EFFECT TOMORROW

If Bill Passes Senate and President Taft Signs It Today.

United Press Telegram.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—If President Taft signs the tariff bill this afternoon, as it now seems likely, the new rates, with a few exceptions, will go into effect as soon as the custom houses of the country open for business tomorrow morning. The exceptions are the leather, schedules, which by special provisions do not become operative until October 1.

The Senate is to vote at 2 o'clock this afternoon on the conference report bill and the general production this morning was it would pass by about the same vote the Aldrich bill did originally. Immediately after the passage of the bill the Senate will take up the consideration of the concurrent resolution designed to reduce the boots and shoes and harness schedules. No great delay is expected in bringing this to a vote. The resolution will then go to the House.

### Somerset Is Satisfied.

The Somerset Herald commenting upon the recent encampment says: "Somerset hotel men and shop keepers are well satisfied with the additional business the encampment brought them, and feel that they were fully repaid for the contributions they were obliged to make in order to induce the second brigade to come here. Local livermen reaped a fairly rich harvest, but they were forced to divide with competitors from Bedford and Frostburg, and from towns within the county."

Raise Price of Gas. The Peoples Natural Gas Company of Latrobe has increased the price of gas from 25 cents to 27½ cents per 1,000 cubic feet.

Getting Ready for Reunion. Greensburg is already preparing to decorate for the 10th Regiment reunion which will be held there August 13.

## BIG COAL DEAL HINGES ON DISPUTE OVER MARIANNA.

Jones & Laughlin Want the Coal But Refuse to Purchase World's Finest Equipped Mine.

### RATES ARE REDUCED.

Seven Cents a Ton Cheaper on Baltimore Shipments.

Circulars were received in Pittsburg yesterday announcing that the Pennsylvania had made freight rates on soft coal exported through Baltimore 7 cents lower than on shipments through Philadelphia. One of the reasons assigned for the change is to increase the earnings of the Northern Central, which it controls. The Northern Central has a direct line between Baltimore and Harrisburg, the junction point for shipments from the Clearfield coal district, and it is over this line that a large portion of the through shipments are being made.

The effect of this discrimination in favor of Baltimore within the last week has made itself plain by reason of the detection of a large part of an order for 10,000 tons of soft coal, obtained by the Keystone Coal & Coke Company of Pittsburg, for the Italian government.

## HARRY DAVIS ASKS \$5,000 OF THE P. R. R.

Was Run Down By a Train at Fayette Street While Driving a Milk Wagon.

UNIONTOWN, Aug. 5.—Harry H. Davis of Connellsville has entered suit to recover \$5,000 damages as the result of the accident at the corner of Fayette street and the railroad tracks on December 29, when Mr. Davis was thrown from F. C. Rose's milk wagon and badly injured. Davis claims his injuries are of a permanent nature and were caused by negligence on the part of the railroad.

Mr. J. McKame and L. F. Sims, contractors, have been served a rule to show cause why they should not be adjudged in contempt of court for ignoring a preliminary injunction issued by the court restraining them from changing the channel of Brush Run. John S. Griffith instituted the proceedings.

Charles E. Shoemaker of Connellsville this morning filed notice of an assignment to S. R. Goldsmith for the benefit of creditors.

Gas field Miller has been named administrator of the estate of the late Herman Miller of Bullskin township. He furnished a \$2,000 bond. Theodore D. Bliss was named administrator of the estate of the late Charles I. Kalne and gave \$10,000 bond.

## BURGESS GLAD TO HAVE MAN LEAVE

He Was Too Filthy To Serve a Sentence—Smeared the Desk With His Last Chew.

William G. Hall, colored, preferred to leave town rather than spend 72 hours in the police station. He was permitted to go. Hall was arrested for passing bills on the streets in violation of a borough ordinance.

The prisoner also made the record of being one of the filthiest men that ever faced a Burgess here. He was hanging on to his last chew of tobacco and didn't seem to mind a bit when the amber colored saliva dripped down on Burgess Evans' desk. He was sent back once to clean out his mouth, but that time he hung on to the end. The second trip Chief Rottler went along to see that the tobacco was disposed of. A few seconds later the prisoner was free and longing for another chew.

## Haunted by His Baby's Face Demented Man Scares Somerset.

SOMERSET, Aug. 5.—"Tom, you know I didn't give her the acid! You lied about me before you died, and you know it. I had nothing to do with that crime, so why did you say I had? Jack, bring the priest here, and get me a drink of water." Bring my mother, she raised me, right, and let me see my little baby before I go. God knows I'm innocent!"

These strange mutterings by a demented man lying on the lot back of E. L. Simpson's warehouse yesterday afternoon caused a flutter of excitement on the South Side. From the sufferer's exclamations it might be inferred that he was about to be hanged for the heinous crime of another and in a desperate effort to save his neck had made his escape.

A knot of people gathered at the scene and when the "dippy one" started to disrobe a telephone message brought Chief of Police Seibert, who took the fellow to the lock-up where he is still imprisoned.

The fact that the demented man talked of a crime aroused the suspicions of the local authorities as it is possible that he has been implicated in a murder. For this reason he will be held a few days and if it is determined that he is unbalanced he will probably be taken to the County hospital for treatment.

Races at Greensburg.

A number of local horsemen are attending the races at Greensburg this week, and report that they are the best that have ever been pulled off over there.

## Caught Crawling Up the Side of Somerset's Temple of Justice.

SOMERSET, Aug. 5.—Crawling up the side of the jail Saturday afternoon one of the provost guards of the Second Brigade who had been stationed in the basement of the court house surreptitiously provided two female prisoners with a half-pint of whiskey. In making his way up the side of the jail building by going from one barred window to the other the "gallant" guard was detected by Sheriff Charles H. Welmer, who was sitting in his office. Making his way to the rear of the jail where the khaki clad soldier was climbing down to the ground with all the speed at his command and summoning Deputy George M. Baker at the same time, the Sheriff arrived on the scene of the escapade just in time to scare the soldier to such an extent that he fell



## PASQUALE TRIED TO CAUSE STRIKE.

He Was Fired by Contractor O'Connor and Was for Getting Even.

### OFFICER RULLI STOPPED HIM

He Had Persuaded One of His Countrymen to Lay Down His Tools and Was Working on Others When the Big Policeman Arrived.

Charging with inciting a strike among the laborers employed by Contractor Bernard O'Connor, who has several local paving contracts, Pasquale De Felice, an Italian, was arrested yesterday by Officer P. M. Rulli and left a forfeit of \$5 for his appearance at a hearing. He failed to show up and the forfeit was claimed by the borough.

De Felice had been loafing on the job, according to the statement made by Officer Rulli, when he was ordered to get busy by O'Connor. This angered him and words ensued. Contractor O'Connor made short work of discharging him and paying him off, but De Felice refused to leave.

The offender remained about the work and tried to organize a strike. He succeeded in getting one man to lay down his tools when Officer Rulli appeared on the scene and placed him under arrest. Several of the Catholic priests complained that the man was using violent language and should be subdued.

Had the Italian succeeded in his scheme to make his fellow countrymen quit work it would have worked a severe hardship on Barney O'Connor, who is making record time grading Prospect street and Orchard alley. Since starting the work Mr. O'Connor has pushed his men with unceasing vigor and promises to hang up a new record for speed.

## HOUSE TO PASS BILL THIS AFTERNOON

Concurrent Resolution Reducing Leather Duties Will Go Through Smoothly.

United Press Telegram. WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 3.—Present plans of the leaders of the House to present the concurrent resolution correcting the leather schedule in the tariff bill, and secure its passage by that body this afternoon.

Other chances in the tariff bill, especially transferring cotton bagging and grain from the dutiable to the free list, will be embodied in a joint resolution which will originate in the Senate. Action on this will probably be deferred until next winter.

The conference report on the urgent deficiency appropriation bill which was adopted by the House yesterday, passed the Senate today without debate. The bill now goes to the President for his approval.

## BRITISH WARSHIP IN SEARCH OF STEAMER

Had 300 Passengers on Board and is Now Nine Days Overdue.

United Press Telegram. CAPE TOWN, Aug. 3.—Under orders from the British Admiralty, two warships were dispatched today for the steamship Waratah, carrying 300 passengers, which is now nine days overdue in its trip from Durban to Capetown.

The trip requires only two days and it is considered almost certain the Waratah went down in a cyclone that swept the coast the second day she was out.

This belief is strengthened by the fact no incoming ship reports seeing any disabled vessel or wreckage from such ship.

### KILLED BY FALL.

State Crushes Out Life of Adelaide Miner.

While working in the mines of the H. C. Frick Coke Company at Adelaide last night about 8 o'clock Michael Bikowski, aged 26 years and Polish, was caught by a fall of slate which resulted in his death. His body was not recovered until this morning.

Bikowski is survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bikowski in the old country and a brother residing in Adelaide. He was single and had been a resident of Adelaide for several years. Funeral services will be held tomorrow from the Polish Church in the West Side.

First Wedding in Quarter Century. LATROBE, Pa., Aug. 3.—The first wedding in the Methodist Episcopal Church since it was dedicated 25 years ago, was solemnized last evening when Miss Zo Bruner and Charles Lafferty were married by the pastor, Rev. Dr. D. L. Johnston. The bride was attended by her sister, Mrs. Charles Friss, of Buffalo, N. Y.

Read The Daily Courier.

## SOCIAL.



A GRIM FUTURE. Forestry expert—This ruthless destruction of trees must be stopped! Summer Girl—Yes, indeed. If they destroy all the trees there won't be any place to swing a hammock, will there?

### Well Attended Meeting.

Well attended was the regular meeting of the Woman's Foreign and Home Missionary Society of the First Presbyterian Church held yesterday afternoon in the church chapel. Mrs. J. W. Ward presided. Following the devotional exercises the regular program was taken up and thoroughly discussed. The subject for study was "Book Review." Papers were read by Miss Ida Wolfe, Mrs. James Russell, Mrs. Keyser and Mrs. J. M. Cecil.

A meeting of the Home Society followed. A letter from a Mission school in Asheville, N. C., was read as was a letter from the Board of Home Missions in New York acknowledging a check for \$10 sent by the local society toward paying off the debt. The Ladies' Aid Society held a short meeting and arranged for a corn supper to be held some time in September.

Open Meeting. An open meeting of the National Protective Legion will be held next Tuesday evening in Markell hall at which time a number of members will draw out dividends for five years.

George Scott of Waverly, N. Y., National President, will be present and address the members of the Legion and their friends. Extensive arrangements are being made and from all indications the event promises to be one of the most interesting ones held by the Legion for some time.

Entertainment for Miss King. Complimentary to Miss Elizabeth King who sails August 21 for the Philippines Islands, Miss Rose Perry entertained informally last evening at her home on West Fourth street. Games were indulged in until after 10 o'clock when a dainty luncheon was served. The out of town guests present were Mrs. Fred Roderick of McKeesport, and Miss Tess Hopper of Pittsburgh.

Ladies' Auxiliary Meets. The semi-monthly business meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary to the O. R. C. was held yesterday afternoon in Odd Fellows' hall. The regular routine business meeting was followed by a social session. Mrs. E. B. Coleman will entertain the Auxiliary Friday evening at her home in Greenwood.

Garden Party. The Pastor's Aid of the First Presbyterian Church will hold a garden party this evening on the Colonial theatre lawn. The hours are from 5 until 10:30 o'clock. A most enjoyable evening is promised those who attend.

Ald Society Meets. A meeting of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist Protestant Church was held yesterday afternoon in the church. There was a large attendance and the regular routine business was transacted.

Ald Society Will Meet. The regular meeting of the Ladies' Aid Society of the First Baptist Church will be held tomorrow evening at the home of Mrs. S. E. Penn on Eighth street. A large attendance is desired.

## PUBLIC WEDDING ATTRACTS ATTENTION

Katherine Walton and Paul Blacka Married at the Merchants Picnic Yesterday.

One of the greatest attractions at the annual outing of the Uniontown merchants held yesterday at Shady Grove park was the public marriage of Miss Katherine Walton, aged 17, and Paul Blacka, both of Hopwood. The ceremony was performed on the bandstand at 3:30 o'clock by Rev. J. A. Elliott pastor of the Methodist Protestant Church of Hopwood, and was witnessed by several thousand people.

The young couple were accompanied to the park by Mrs. Elizabeth Walton, mother of the bride, and R. E. Blacka, father of the bridegroom. Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Blacka were showered with congratulations. The young couple reside in Uniontown.

Is Seriously Ill. Jacob Morgan is seriously ill of Bright's disease at his home on Ninth street, West Side. Mr. Morgan is one of the most widely known residents of the West Side. He is a veteran of the Civil War and has served two terms as justice of the peace.

Killed by a Train. John Lapey, aged 35 years, of Whitey, was killed by a train at Latrobe.

## JACOB G. ANDERSON DIED THIS MORNING

Well-Known Former Scottdale Man Passes Away on the South Side Following a Stroke.

Jacob Grove Anderson died at the family residence in South Connellsville this morning as the result of a stroke of paralysis which he suffered just a week ago and which rendered him entirely helpless. From the first the gravest apprehensions were entertained as to the outcome of the illness.

Jacob G. Anderson was a son of William and Anna (Grove) Anderson and was born at Stahlstown, Westmoreland county, 67 years ago this morning. At the age of 10 he enlisted in the Union army in the Eleventh Pennsylvania Infantry, and after serving his enlistment re-enlisted until the end of the war. His father was in the army and his brother, George, was killed in battle. While in the army he married Elizabeth Shaffer, who lived on a farm near Stahlstown, where she waited until her husband returned from the army. Then they lived in Stahlstown for some years. He was wounded three times and fought with Gen. Crook of Greensburg. He afterwards settled at West Overton where he had a blacksmith shop and made tools for the coke companies.

In 1871 the family moved to Scottsdale, where Mr. Anderson continued in the blacksmithing trade. He worked for Keeney & Company there and for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Scottsdale Junction for many years and had a wide reputation as an expert blacksmith.

Last October he moved to New Haven where he entered the blacksmithing trade, and it was in his shop that he suffered the stroke a week ago Wednesday that terminated fatally.

He served in the Scottsdale Council at one time and was a member of the Masonic Lodge of Greensburg, the Heptastroph of Scottsdale and the Union Veterans Legion. One brother, Cyrus Anderson of Jones' Mill, and the following sisters survive: Mrs. Margaret Moore, of Hunkedale; Mrs. Nora Hayes, of Latrobe; Mrs. Elizabeth Burchinal of McKeesport. Five half brothers and three half sisters also survive.

There were three children born to Mr. and Mrs. Anderson, two dying in infancy, and one, William S. Anderson, who has been connected with the office force of the West Penn Electric Company for several years. He is married to Florence, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Rosensteel, of Scottsdale. Deceased is survived by his wife and son. He was a brother of the late Wellington D. Anderson, of Connellsville, and the late David G. Anderson of Scottsdale, both well known men. The deceased was a member of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Scottsdale where he left his letter when he moved away.

The funeral services will be held at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon from his late residence, and the funeral party will come by special trolley to the Scottsdale Cemetery, where the Greensburg lodge of the Masonic fraternity will have charge of the services at the grave.

Have you tried our classified ads?

## BIG COAL DEAL HINGES ON DISPUTE.

(Continued from First Page.)

It owns, that river transportation is much cheaper.

As all of its plants have been erected with a view to the reception of coal by water it did not care to bring its coal to Pittsburgh by rail.

Another item to be considered was the advantageous position of the Jones & Laughlin mines near California, for the use of the river. The coal in the tract, which the steel company wants to buy and the coal company is willing to sell, can be mined and hauled through the hills to the river much cheaper than it can be brought from the surface by means of the Marianna shafts or then hauled by rail to the steel plants. But the coal company had no use for the shaft without coal territory to develop and it argued that it could not afford to sell the land at a price which would not include the cost of the mine.

And there, it is stated, the matter rests. The coal company is willing to sell its coal land if the steel company will buy the mines and their expensive equipment. The steel company is willing to buy the land if it can be purchased without the mine, since it has a mine of its own in the Vista property, and through which it can bring the coal to the river and along the Monongahela to its plant at a saving of so much per ton.

The coal in question is much better for coking purposes than for domestic use, and it is just what the Jones & Laughlin Company needs to round its supply for many years to come. The sale of the property will relieve the Pittsburgh & Buffalo Company of an asset which might bring it more money now than if it entered the coking of coal and was compelled to seek a market for that finished product.

It was stated last night by well-informed coal authorities that the question was still under discussion and it may be several days before an agreement is reached. To the present neither side of the controversy can see the end of the matter.

It was stated that the entire deal involves something more than \$2,000,000.

## BIG COAL DEALS.

Day's Sales in Greene County Aggregate a Million.

WAYNESBURG, Pa., Aug. 3.—A number of coal deals of considerable importance are reported here, among them one by which the Youngstown Steel Company of Youngstown, O., becomes the owner of a tract of 1,500 acres in Dunkard township. This tract was bought from J. V. Thompson of Uniontown and the consideration was \$350 per acre, or a total of \$525,000.

Other deals were the sale of a tract in Allegheny township to H. Taylor and W. R. Hoge of Waynesburg at \$80 per acre and a large tract known as the South farm, near Mapleton, in Monongahela township, sold to J. V. Thompson and Isaac Somers of Uniontown by C. A. Metzger of Mapleton. There are 1 1/2 acres in the tract and the price paid was \$500 per acre, or \$750,000. Mr. Thompson also received a deed from James Stephens for a tract in Whitley township at \$200 per acre. The Metzger tract was purchased 15 years ago at \$5 per acre.

Summer Rashers Washed Away. You can positively wash away all those itching skin diseases which come up in summer time. You can wash them away with a soothing lotion of Oil of Wintergreen. Properly compounded.

The instant this mild soothing liquid is applied that awful itch is gone. Eczema, sunburns, all over the world, who have used the Oil of Wintergreen Compound, have testified to the merits of this Oil as compounded by D. D. Prescription.

If you are suffering from summer rashers, poison ivy, poison oak, strawberry rash, or the more severe forms of prickly heat, you will find this D. D. Compound a sure relief from the itch.

J. C. Moore, druggist.

New Lincoln Pennies. New Lincoln pennies are being received by the banks in Western Pennsylvania.

## PERSONAL.

Miss Elizabeth King went to Pittsburgh this morning to spend a week with friends. From there she will go to Chicago to visit relatives before sailing for the Philippines Islands. She expects to sail August 24.

Byron Smith was in Pittsburgh yesterday on business. He is the guest of friends in Uniontown yesterday.

Miss Elizabeth Anderson of the West Side, visited friends in Uniontown yesterday.

Caleb Campbell of the West Side, is the guest of friends at Scottsdale today. Mrs. R. C. Bruce of Greensburg, is the guest of friends and relatives in Cambridge.

Half of military. Sailors at 50 cents and \$1.00, were from \$1.25 to \$3.00. One lot of hats was sold to a dealer at \$2.00. A few hats left, will be sold very cheap. T. A. McFarland, 111 West Apple street, Connellsville, Pa.

Miss Margaret Jean East and Margaret Herper went to Pittsburgh yesterday afternoon to visit Misses Dorothy and Eugene Hamilton.

Mr. and Mrs. George Powell and daughter have returned home from a visit with relatives at Butler, Pa.

Mrs. Henry Darrah and little daughter of 10, who were in the city of Uniontown, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Powell of North Pittsburgh street, yesterday.

Mr. G. W. Gordon of Scottsdale, was the guest of his mother, Mrs. Mary E. Williams, yesterday.

Mrs. A. A. Straub and Mrs. T. B. Donnelly are shopping in Pittsburgh today. Miss Jean R. Snyder returned to New Castle this morning after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Snyder.

Mrs. L. B. Pittman returned home this morning after a visit with friends and relatives at Morgantown.

Killary Park Inn will be in position to serve luncheon for excursionists, beginning Sunday August 8. Rooms and meals by Sunday following. Excursion rates daily on Indian Creek Valley Railway.

Miss Margaret J. Spencer went to Greensburg this morning to attend the races.

Misses Ella and Dora Brown are the guests of Miss Elizabeth O'Hara, of Scottsdale.

Mrs. J. B. Brattler of Scottsdale, is the guest of friends here today.

Miss Helen McLaughlin of Broad Ford, was in town this morning on her way to Scottsdale to visit friends.

Miss Sara Allan and Mrs. Drew Allen of the West Side, left this morning for a visit with friends in Niagara Falls, N. Y.

Miss Cecelia Solson and brother Leon, of Norwalk, O., arrived here last night for a visit with Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Solson, on West Fifth street.

David Lumen is ill at his home on Ninth street, West Side.

Dr. E. B. Richard is in Pittsburgh today on business.

Mrs. Robert Norris and daughters, Misses Helen and Ruth of South Pittsburgh street, arrived here yesterday from a visit with friends in Niagara Falls, Buffalo, N. Y., Toronto, Ontario, Montreal, and Quebec.

DEATHS.

Reads Barnworth.

Reads Barnworth's little daughter of 3, and Harriet Shipley Barnworth, died this morning at 1 o'clock at the family residence at Broad Ford, aged nine months. The body will be shipped to Bidwell for interment tomorrow morning on R. & O. train No. 48.

Katherine Mach, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Mach, died last night at her late home at Leisenring No. 2. Funeral tomorrow afternoon from the Polish Church, on the West Side.

# The Money Question

Is a condition which is beyond the power of the individual to control, but we can help you to control that power to a certain extent in a way of saving money on your groceries which you buy every day. It means that we are in an unparalleled position to offer you the best goods at all times for less money than you can buy elsewhere. We will save you 20 per cent. on your grocery bills.

## ALWAYS THE BEST AT OUR FRESH MEAT COUNTER.

1 doz. Pint Mason Fruit Jars.....40c	50 lb. Sack White Satin Flour.....\$1.75
1 doz. Quart Mason Fruit Jars.....45c	25 lbs. Best Granulated Sugar.....\$1.35
1 doz. 1/2 Gallon Mason Fruit Jars.....60c	1 doz. New Quart Tin Fruit Cans.....35c

3 cans Fancy Tomatoes.....25c	3 5c-boxes Matches.....10c	4 lb.-box Dutch Cleanser.....25c
3 cans Cream Corn.....25c	1 lb.-cake Paraffin Wax.....10c	4 pkgs. Corn Starch.....25c
3 cans California Peaches.....50c	10 dozen Clothes Pins.....10c	36c Jar Apple Butter.....25c
3 cans Pink Salmon.....25c	7 Double Sheets Fly Paper.....10c	3 Bottles Pure Vanilla.....25c
7 cans Oil Sardines.....25c	3 5c-boxes Fly Paper.....10c	3 Bottles Ammonia.....25c
6 cans Peerless Milk.....25c	3 5c-boxes Bag Baking.....10c	3 Bottles Catsup.....25c
3 cans Van Camp's Kidney Beans 25	3 5c Boxes Stove Polish.....10c	1/2 lb. Can Hershey Cocoa.....18c
4 cans Early June Peas.....25c	1 large Can Table Syrup.....10c	3 10c Cans Baker's Corn.....18c

1 pint Bottle Grape Juice.....18c	2 Boxes Maple Flake.....25c
1 large Box Shredded Wheat Biscuit 12c	10 lb. sack Corn Meal.....25c
4 lbs. Ginger Snaps.....25c	Hire's Root Beer Extract, bottle.....15c
5 lbs. Pearl Tapioca.....25c	7 rolls Toilet Paper.....25c
6 lbs. Fresh Rolled Oats.....25c	3 10c-boxes Jell-O (Dessert).....25c
2 lbs. Choice Rio Coffee.....25c	3 10c-boxes Fruit Pudding.....25c
3 qts. Navy Beans.....25c	11 Bars Sun Shine Soap.....25c
3 1/2 lbs. Lima Beans.....25c	3 qts. Green Peas.....25c

WE PAY FREIGHT ON ALL ORDERS OF \$10.00 OR OVER.

## J. R. Davidson Company,

109 West Main St.

Connellsville, Pa.

## Globules of Sunshine.



NO NEED FOR PITY.

Newspaper—Look how poor your coat is torn! I feel sorry for you poor bachelors. Now when a married man gets a little rent in his clothes—

Wife—He goes and pays it to the land-lord.



VERY PROBABLE.

Mr. Doyle—What did O. do to me last night? Mrs. Doyle—Yes, he left it on my head. Mr. Doyle—Beggars, the next thing O. will be leaving me dead in my bed.



NO REGRETS.

Benson—Don't you sometimes regret that you never learned to swim? Woodson—No. The knowledge that I can't swim has always led me to avoid deep water. Possibly it has saved my life.

## PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

## Niagara Falls

AND RETURN

SATURDAY, AUGUST 7, 1909

EXCURSION TICKETS good to return on regular trains until August 11, inclusive, will be sold at the following low rates:

Leave Fairbance	A. M.	REGULAR TRAINS LEAVE	RATE
Leave Dunbar	7:11	2:12 P. M.	\$5.31
Leave Connellsville, West Side	7:17	2:18	\$5.37
Leave Connellsville	7:23	2:24	\$5.43
Leave Everett	7:30	2:31	\$5.50
Leave Scottsdale	7:36	2:37	\$5.56
Leave Altoona	7:42	2:43	\$5.62
Leave Tarr	7:48	2:49	\$5.68

\*\* Stops on signal or notice to Agent.

\*\* Passengers change at East Liberty to train leaving that point 9:11 A. M.

\*\* Passengers change at Pittsburgh to regular train leaving Union Station 1:10 P. M.

\*\* Passengers change at Pittsburgh to train leaving Union Station 11 P. M.

Electric Railway From the Falls to the Whirlpool.

J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager. G. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

## DON'T BUY NEW CARPETS

Let us weave your old carpets into new rugs or druggets. They are handsome and serviceable—appropriate for library, dining room, bed rooms, halls and porches. Cost one-third as much as any other covering.

Customers from out of town can send old carpets by freight. Their rugs will be shipped to them promptly. Our interesting folder gives full particulars, shipping instructions and prices. Send for it today.

Allen Rug Weaving & Carpet Cleaning Co. 5993 CENTER AVENUE PITTSBURG, PA.

## The Red Sea.

In the Red sea reefs of bright pink coral are clearly to be seen. Much of the rocky bed of this sea is the work of the coral insect. But probably the true reason for the name of the Red sea is because along its eastern shore lies ancient Edom. This word signifies "red." It was given to the region not from the color of its sandstone hills, but from its people. These are the descendants of him who came in faint and weary from hunting and said to his brother, "Feed me, I pray thee, with that same red pottage, for I am faint," therefore was his name called Edom.

Only a Man. Little Muriel flew into the house flushed and breathless.

"Oh, mother," she cried, "don't scold me for being late to tea, for I've had such a disappointment! A horse fell down, and they said that they were going to send for a horse doctor, so of course I had to stay. And after I'd waited and waited he came, and, oh, mother, what do you think? It wasn't a horse doctor at all. It was only a man!"—Everybody's Magazine.

A Concise Explanation. "How does that man always manage to appear as the leader of you people?" "I suppose," answered Farmer Corn towsel, "that it's simply because he's smart enough to get ahead of us."—Washington Star.

## Muddled Brains

result from an overloaded stomach, sluggish liver, inactive bowels, or impure blood. Clear thinking follows the use of

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

Date Cake With Coffee Icing. One-half cup of butter creamed, one and one-third cup of brown sugar added and beat together, two eggs well beaten, one-half teaspoonful cinnamon, one-half teaspoonful nutmeg, one and one-half teaspoonful baking powder, one-half cup sweet milk, one and three-quarter cups sifted flour, three-quarter cup dates, stones removed. Cut up fine and reserve a little of the flour to shake over them.

Icing—Two tablespoonfuls strong, strained coffee and the same quantity of the white of an egg stirred together. Thicken with powdered sugar, until stiff enough to spread. Allow the cake to cool before it is iced.—Boston Post.

Have you tried our classified ads?





## The Daily Courier.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice, Connelleville, Pa., May 1, 1879.

THE COURIER COMPANY,  
Publishers,  
The Daily Courier,  
The Weekly Courier.

H. P. SNYDER,  
President and Managing Editor.  
J. H. S. STIMMELL,  
Secretary and Treasurer.

Office: The Courier Building, 127 1/2 W.  
Main Street, Connelleville, Pa.

THURSDAY EVE'G., AUG. 5, 1909.

## THE MOVING CAUSE OF DEMOCRACY.

The Pennsylvania Democratic State Convention is always something of a joke, but it is funnier at some times than at others. The convention yesterday contained but a single feature calculated to rescue it from dull monotony, and that was its inkindly suppression by the stern presiding officer.

It took the form of a resolution introduced by an Armstrong delegate who had evidently never been properly introduced to the genial Guardian Angel of the Pennsylvania Democracy nor permitted to toy with the spigot of the bar that is ever usefully on tap for the promotion of the Democracy of the old school, but who had been whipping at the Bryan shrine and reading the Johnstown Democrat. The resolution, however, has been rescued by an enterprising press from the obscurity which Chairman Sterling would have cast it, and is here given to a curious public:

After looking over the field and to the best interests of Democracy of the State I present the following:

That as the Democratic party under the present regime of James M. Guffey got into bankruptcy, as we have failed to elect anybody in the last decade, we recommend the appointment of Charles Donnelly of Philadelphia, W. J. Brennan and James M. Guffey, as assignees, to be aided by the gang and Standard Oil Company.

The failure of the Pennsylvania Democracy "to elect anybody in the last decade" has not necessarily been the fault of the gallant Colonel, whose personal zeal has been above question and whose open generosity has kept the war chest of the party liberally supplied with ammunition. It has been the fault of the new Democracy propagated by the Peerless Leader, founder of the discredited and discarded Free Silver cult and various other reckless and vicious doctrines well calculated to destroy public confidence in the very name of Democracy.

The delegate from Armstrong evidently complains about something which he himself has helped to bring about quite as much and probably more than Colonel Guffey.

## ABILITY AND EXPERIENCE IN CONGRESS.

Speaker Cannon is a conservative statesman of the old school and something of a Standpatter, especially when the reform element seeks to shear his office of its powers, but he is not wholly unresponsive to the characteristically American spirit of progress.

In the interest of efficiency he has broken into the ancient custom which confines the best committee positions to the older members, and his action is particularly gratifying to the Monongahela valley and generally to the Western Pennsylvania river interests. The appointment of John K. Tener to fill the vacancy in the Rivers and Harbors Committee caused by the failure of his predecessor to be returned to Congress is an agreeable surprise. Several other names were mentioned for the position, but that of Congressman Tener was not considered for the reason that it was presumed that he would have to sit in the baby row until he grew older in the service. The river interests of his district, however, justified the Speaker in naming him.

The Speaker's policy in this respect is even more strongly emphasized in the appointment of Congressman Cassidy of Cleveland to the Rivers and Harbors Committee. Mr. Cassidy was formerly private secretary to Theodore N. Burton, then a member of Congress and Chairman of the Rivers and Harbors Committee, now United States Senator. Mr. Cassidy served as Clerk of the Rivers and Harbors Committee for a number of years. He is, therefore, peculiarly well qualified, now that he has succeeded Mr. Burton as a member of the House, to sit as a member of the committee with whose work he is most familiar.

The rule which gives the older members the preference in committee assignments is founded in reason. It is properly presumed that the elders are better fitted for the places by reason of their experience. But the Speaker should, where it is possible, consider ability as well as experience in making up his committee, and ability should probably have first place.

## THE MARIANNA MINE DICKER.

The Marianna mine was designed as a model mine. In its construction and equipment no expense was spared. Through its portals it was expected that the coal acreage surrounding it would be delivered for the market. It is essentially a rail and not a river proposition.

It is therefore, not all surprising that prospective purchasers who desire the coal for a river proposition solely should object to buying an expensive inland shaft opening for which they would have no particular use, or that the owners of the property should decline to sell their coal and retain for merely ornamental purposes an expensive hole in the ground and a mining village without any mining operations.

The Marianna property will either be sold as a whole or not at all, but its sale is not impossible. It depends altogether upon how anxious the owners are to sell and how eager the prospective purchasers are to buy.



John Bull—Sammy, if these airships can fly across the channel, it's only a question of time when they'll fly to the States. Then the history of the world will be written differently.

## THE BLUE LAWS BEING REPEALED.

The Connecticut Blue Laws have been repealed. They were even worse than those of Pennsylvania which were modeled after the Nutmeg State's original deliverance when the American separation of Church and State was more theoretical than practical. But Pennsylvania's Blue Laws are just as obsolete as those of Connecticut and there is quite as much reason for their repeal.

All good citizens recognize the propriety and desirability of having a decent and orderly Sunday, but they object to unreasonable and annoying regulations such as is possible under the Sunday law of Colonial times.

Besides the Blue Laws are practically a dead-letter save in such communities as are cursed by fanatical reformers or virtuous grafters.

The people of every community which respects law and order and common propriety can be trusted to regulate their own Sunday observances through their local governments; and, barring a few general regulations on the part of the State, none others are needed. They are more apt to be vexatious and disturbing than conducive to public happiness and wholesome living.

The first Blue Laws have been wiped off the books and it is time all limitations were expunged.

Congressman Cooper has risen to the dignity of the Chairmanship class in Congress. If Uncle Joe wanted a man who will always be on the job he made a good selection.

"Mutton don't" said Chairman Sterling when the Armstrong county resolution was sprung.

The average individual who pays a poll tax thinks telephone telegraph and light companies should also pay a poll tax.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company is winning back Connelleville's favor by paying off some of its old scores. It pays to pay up.

The Guffey Steam Roller never slipped a cog.

The West Side will have an interesting private zoo.

A Connelleville child, being frightened by a steam roller, was assured by his gregarious father that the steam roller never injured anybody but politicians.

New York's tube cars for women only are reported to have been failures. Woman was not born to ride alone.

The Stock Ticker is no longer silent, and the Broker's Kitty is getting fat and sleek again. This particular cut seems to have more than the allotted nine lives.

The Official Auto won out at Washington.

The only consolation to be drawn from the strikes which prevail in various parts of the country is that they are evidence of returning prosperity, but it does seem that some of the strikes are being picked before they are ripe.

Ellsworth mine wasn't blown up, but it came very nearly being burned out.

Altoona's postmaster, pro tempore likes the job so well that he refuses to give it up.

The Street Committee should see that sidewalks are repaired and refaid during the summer and fall season when weather conditions are such as to better facilitate the work and insure better jobs.

The assessors are sharpening their pencils for the triennial assessments. They usually keep their pencils sharp enough to injure the feelings of some of the taxpayers.

The Naumt case has developed the rather remarkable statement that mining coal by machinery is extravagant. There has been an impression in the coal trade that mining machines were economical.

Isabella-Connelleville is getting down to business.

State Senator Sterling refused the Democratic nomination for Auditor General, but he consented to preside over the Democratic State Convention. The Republican State Convention was presided over by Senator Crow. Neither gentleman sought the honor of being presiding officers. Fayette county

seems to be leading the political parties back to first principles by turning Harrisburg with men big enough to restore the good old rule that the office should seek the man.

Wild crabapples are not tempting to anybody but children, and if the children knew more about their dangers they wouldn't be tempting to them, either.

The independent steel manufacturers are fortifying their position by the acquisition of raw materials.

The Whittia reward is far from being unclaimed, and there isn't perhaps an unduly modest individual in the whole bunch of claimants.

The Town Council evinces a desire to give the South Side proper sewage and Greenwood proper fire protection. This is proper work.

The corn crop is all ears.

## CLASSIFIED ADS. ONE CENT A WORD.

Wanted.  
WANTED—500 MEN TO ORDER the best suit in town for \$18 to \$25. DAVE COHEN, TAILOR.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, small family, good wages. 23 SOUTH ALLEY. August-11

WANTED—AT ONCE EXPERIENCED butler, with good references. OHIO-PYLE CO. Ohio, Pa. 4448-11

For Rent.  
FOR RENT—APARTMENT 6 ROOMS and bath. Apply J. N. RUTH, Colonial National Bank. 14mrt

FOR RENT—4-ROOM HOUSE, ALL modern conveniences. Inquire at 2141 COURIER OFFICE. 3mrt

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. 311 CEDAR AVE. 3mrt-11

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED rooms, restaurant preferred. Corner RACE AND DAVIDSON, South Side. 2mrt-11

For Sale.  
FOR SALE—SADDLE HORSE FINE single-footer. Address, J. N. RUTH, Connelleville, Pa. 17mrt

FOR SALE—SOUTH CONNELLSVILLE lot in convenient camp, easy terms. Inquire at THE COURIER OFFICE.

FOR SALE—OLDSMOBILE RUNABOUT, in good condition, price \$2000, cost new \$2,500. EUGENE K. MILLER, Scottsdale, Pa. 3mrt-11

FOR SALE—DYVING HOUSE, with all modern conveniences. Desirable location. 203 CRAWFORD AVE. Tel-State No. 815. 3mrt-11

FOR SALE—PORCH SWINGS AT \$1 each. Can be purchased in evenings this week from 7 to 10 o'clock, at AUTO-BOY WORKS, South Connelleville. Mr. Collins. 3mrt-11

FOR SALE—ONE CORNER LOT, facing two streets, 60x22 1/2, one square from Main street, West Side. Price \$1,200. Inquire at drug store, First and Main street West Side. 3mrt-11

FOR SALE—TWO MODERN RESIDENCES on Sycamore street South Side. Lots 40x100. Finish graded and walks down. Houses 8 rooms, bath, cemented cellar, water, gas and electricity. Terms to suit purchaser. CONNELLSVILLE CONSTRUCTION CO., 402 First National Bank Building. 13July-eod-11

Found.  
FOUND—OLD HAT MADE NEW. HAT-DR. GRAHAM & CO.

Lost.  
LOST—DYESIGHT RESTORED BY properly fitted glasses. \$2.00 to \$25.00. GRAHAM & CO.

STAIN-RENT PLUMBING CO.  
Plumbing, tinning, sheet metal, hot water, steam and hot air heating. Repair work of all kinds promptly attended to. Estimates cheerfully furnished on all contracts. Office 322 S. Pittsburg street.

FOR SALE.  
12-acre Farm, no house \$850  
2-room Cottage, acre lot \$600.  
23 large lots 50x200, East End, bargain.  
4-room House, \$800.

JOS. A. MASON,  
REAL ESTATE AND NOTARY PUBLIC.  
Room 305 Second National Bank Bldg.  
Bell Phone 44.

## DUNN'S CASH STORES.

129, 131 and 133 N. Pittsburg Street,  
CONNELLSVILLE, PA.

WEATHER FORECAST.  
Western Pennsylvania — Generally fair today and Friday; moderate variable winds.

## A MONDAY SALE

Suits at \$10  
Monday, August 9th

Suits that sold for \$25 up to \$45. Most of these were priced at \$30.00 and \$35.00. We are almost ready to show the new Fall suits and before we do we want to get rid of these. Sale starts at 8 o'clock Monday morning, August 9th, and there's enough of these suits here for one day's brisk selling, and there will be none of these here to show at any price after Monday. Some of these we will show in the window Saturday. Others in the cloak room. Enough here for you to find the style you want in the size you want.

Monday, August 9th  
Suits at \$10

## DUNN'S CASH STORES.

129, 131 and 133 N. Pittsburg Street,  
CONNELLSVILLE, PA.

Men's 15c and 25c  
Wash Neck Wear,  
Sale price  
10c

M. M. Leche

Ladies' 25c Sailor  
Collars, with Ties,  
at  
10c

Bargain Seekers Look Here  
More Specials for This Week.

## LAWN DRESSES.

Ladies' two-piece White and Colored Lawn Dresses, regular \$3.50, \$4.50, \$5.50 and \$6.50 values, now..... \$1.79

Don't miss these, for they are real bargains.

Don't forget our \$1.25 \$1.50 and \$1.75 White Lawn Waists at..... 49c

MISSIES' SHORT COATS in Blue, Brown and Black, regular price \$3.50 to \$10.00. Sale..... \$2.90

Ladies' 15c Black Lace Hose..... 10c

## LADIES' WHITE SILK SHIRT WAISTS at less than HALF PRICE

All \$2.90, \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 Shirt Waists now..... \$1.69

All \$4.25, \$5.00 \$5.75 and \$6.50 Shirt Waists now..... \$2.39

All Black Silk Shirt Waists at HALF PRICE

MISSIES' AND YOUNG LADIES' SHORT COVERT JACKETS in Tan and Grey Striped, just the thing for school. Misses' sizes 14, 16, 18. Ladies' sizes 34, 36, 38. These formerly sold at from \$7.50 to \$12.50. Your choice..... \$2.90

## SPECIAL SALE.

Special sale on all figured lawns. Sale starts Wednesday morning, August 11, at 8:30 A. M. All 12 1/2c to 15c Figured Lawns at

5 and 7c

See our window for these LADIES' LONG LISLE GLOVES in Black and White, 100 Gloves, 50c

\$1.00 Net Gloves, 16 button length, Black and White, now 50c

Ask to see the Ladies' and Children's White Hose we are selling at..... 7c

PORCH SWINGS  
REDUCED IN PRICE.

If you have been wanting a Porch Swing, you now have an opportunity to get one at a greatly reduced price. We have a number of different styles and every one is to be sacrificed.

SPECIAL SALE ON  
STONE FILTERS

All our Stone Filters, of which there are many styles and sizes, will go on special sale for the next week at out prices. These may be used the year around, and as a safeguard to your health are necessary.

GET ONE TODAY.

Schell  
Hardware  
Company

You Read the  
Other Fellow's Ad

You are reading this one. That should convince you that advertising in these columns is a profitable proposition; that it will bring business to your store. The fact that the other fellow advertises is probably the reason he is getting more business than is falling to you. Would it not be well to give the other fellow a chance

To Read Your Ad  
In These Columns

Star Brick Co.  
Works at Dickerson Run, Pa.  
Postoffice Address, Vanderhill, Pa.

Manufacturers of  
RED SHALE BRICK  
AND  
PAVING BLOCKS

30,000 DAILY CAPACITY

BELL TELEPHONE NO. 66.

Classified  
Advertisements.

WANTS, SALES, etc., will be inserted under this head at the rate of

One cent per word  
for each insertion.

Rouge Croix  
OLIVE OIL  
GRAHAM & CO.

65c

## Nothing Over \$1.00

Sale Now  
Going on  
One Week  
Only.

Counters and Tables  
are full of  
Odds and Ends

An opportunity to  
Shoe Any  
Boy or Girl  
for \$1.00

The prices we have put on them is not the price of the shoes or near the price, but is the price to make them go. They are odds and ends and are useless to us, and anybody that gets a pair of these shoes will get more than their money's worth.

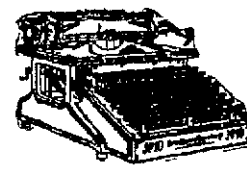
SALE LASTS ONE WEEK AND ONE WEEK ONLY.

Don't come in next Monday and ask us to sell you a pair of shoes for your boys and girls for \$1.00 a pair. We can only afford to do this for a week—Must be bought this week.

AN OPPORTUNITY to buy Women's nice Low Cuts or a pair of shoes for \$1.00. Also a lot of Men's Work Shoes and a few Dress Shoes and Oxfords. Come and look them all over.

C. W. DOWNS & CO.,  
Connellsville's Leading High Grade Shoe Store.

## WHEN a country becomes CIVILIZED it demands TYPEWRITERS. When it becomes posted on comparative VALUES it demands

The  
Smith-Premier Typewriter

The fact that The Smith Premier Typewriter is used in every civilized country on the globe is not so important as the further fact that the demand increases year after year.

The reputation of The Smith Premier is world-wide. World-wide use has made it so.

THE SMITH PREMIER TYPEWRITER CO.,  
319 Third Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.  
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We believe that quality rather than price is the best test of value.

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## TIE A STRING TO CENTRAL AMERICA.

United States Has Found a  
New Way to Keep It In  
Submission.

### NOT TO LOSE ANY DIGNITY

Honduras Is Back In Her Payments  
and Bankers Are Advised to Make  
Her Come Clean—Washington Chat  
About Big Affairs of Government.

WASHINGTON, Aug 5.—Secretary of State Knox has found a new way to lay the everlasting ghost of trouble in Central America which has haunted the State Department ever since there was a Central America. The method, which is now being worked out, is to all appearances a more financial proposition, but the ultimate object is a diplomatic one.

There are really two objects. One is to tie a string to Central America, the other to save the dignity of the United States before Great Britain decides to step in and tie a string to it. We claim an undisputed jurisdiction in this business of tying strings on the Latin American republics in the western hemisphere.

The proposition is to have American bankers refund the public debt of Honduras. At present, the bonds of the country are selling about 65 per cent below par and the bonds would be cheap as wall paper if they were not too small to paste on conveniently. Most of the bonds are held by English investors and Great Britain has been prevented only by regard for the Monroe Doctrine from jumping in and making Honduras pay.

It would be a good thing for American bankers if the American government, through the State Department, stands back of them and sees that Honduras keeps up her payments. That happens to be what Secretary Knox is looking for—a good and valid excuse for jumping into Honduras and making it walk the straight and narrow path of free and enlightened government. By getting at Honduras he can get at the other republics and make their disreputable Presidents toe the line also. Honduras happens to be the back yard of Central America, in which Cabrera, of Guatemala, and Zelaya, of Nicaragua, are always having their tussles. That is one reason why the republics at their last conference signed a solemn convention to preserve the neutrality of Honduras.

This treaty cost a lot of money for printing and incidentals, but it has not proven of any appreciable value as a souvenir. With a hold on Honduras a duty to preserve the interest of the Americans who put up their money for the refunding scheme, it is safe to say that if Zelaya or Cabrera or anyone else in Central America so much as makes faces over the back fence of Honduras, Secretary Knox will be down upon him with a whole fleet of warships.

Nicaragua has been acting up with impunity ever since Knox became Secretary of State, and Heaven knows how long before that. Secretary Root tried to use the moral suasion method by boosting the international bureau and having international conferences. This failed utterly. So his every-thing else. The only hope of improvement lies in diplomatically spanking the belligerent President until they think twice before doing as they please.

This is evidently what Secretary Knox proposes to do. And if he succeeds the whole civilized world is likely to be pleased, as there is scarcely a country of consequence but what has claims of one kind or another against the Central American governments.

Somebody has said—the same somebody that is always blamed for the things you are afraid to say yourself—that the United States government is going to play hob with its foreign relations if it doesn't get busy and treat the representatives of foreign powers with more consideration. The State Department is now so big that it cannot get into the space allotted to it formerly. One by one it has occupied the rooms left to it in the big gray State, War and Navy building after the War and Navy Departments took what they wanted. Now there are no more rooms to occupy and the foreign relations suffer thereby.

If the French Ambassador comes to see Secretary Knox he has to wait out in the corridor. If Count von Bernstorff wishes to say goodbye to Mr. Aden, he must drop his hat on a table and walk up and down the hall, unless he chooses to sit on the radiator—and the radiator is high and difficult to climb. And while Ambassador Bryce is cooling his heels outside the Secretary's office, a Virginia tourist with a wife and two children is as likely as not to happen along and ask him where they keep the Declaration of Independence.

The diplomatists as a rule are remarkably even tempered. They usually accept their lot graciously and do not complain but it is a safe bet that if they ever got the chance they will take a gentle whack at the system which puts them on par with a Western Union messenger boy when they come to confer on matters of state.

Its nobody's fault. Successive Secretaries of State have tried hard enough to remedy the condition. They have

asked Congress for new quarters time and again. But Congress has been so busy looking after the marble palaces used as House and Senate office buildings that they haven't had the time to look into the State Department matter.

## ELISHA C. PORTER IS LAID TO REST

Scottdale Farmer Gave Expression To  
the Wish of How Services  
Should Be Held.

SCOTSDALE, Aug 5.—The funeral services over the body of the late Elisha C. Porter, who died early Monday morning aged 64 years, were conducted from his late residence one mile west of town yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Mr. Porter knew that his illness that began about a year ago following a fall was in all probability to have a fatal termination and expressed the wishes of what his funeral services were to be some weeks ago, saying that he desired his pastor Rev. Archibald Auld of the Jacobs Creek Methodist Episcopal Church, of which the deceased had been an almost life-long member, to conduct the services. The latter did so assisted by Rev. R. B. Mansell, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal Church. The Jacobs Creek choir sang favorite hymns of the deceased. He also expressed the desire that his own three sons and the three sons of Mrs. Porter's only brother, Dr. A. W. Strickler, of Scottsdale, be his pall bearers, and in case that they did not wish to serve, that Harvey, H. Newingham, Charles L. Graft, W. Dick Fretts, Louis Rueb, Frank Burkett and George B. Kelly be the pall bearers. The three nephews Judson T. Strickler, Dr. James P. Strickler and Albert J. Strickler and the three sons, Albert L., James Leslie and John Allan Porter acted a few moments before the same six young men bore the body of their grandmother, Mrs. Sarah Strickler, from the same house. He also desired that J. Irvin Murphy be the undertaker. Wholly satisfied with the future and speaking freely of it, with only the regret was that of leaving his family, he spoke of death, although not saying of what he desired done to anyone but Mrs. Porter, who with three sons and a grandson and granddaughter survive him.

He married in 1893 to Mary Almeida, only daughter of John N. and Sarah Strickler, while he was living in Fayette county, where he was born, his parents, Moses and Amy Porter, natives of Allegany county, Maryland, having come to Fountain Mills now Scottsdale, in 1897. They afterward moved to what is now Tinsman station, the large brick house and barn there being the Porter homestead. Some years ago he moved to Westmoreland county, buying the Abraham S. Fretts farm, where he died. He was a member of the Jacobs Creek Methodist Episcopal Church for many years, holding several official positions in the church. In his lifetime he had many friends both young and old who visited him during his illness and there was a large assembly of them present yesterday to pay their last respects to his memory. The burial was in the Scottdale Cemetery.

## FRANK CHAIN VICTIM OF SERIOUS ACCIDENT

Scottdale Man Weighing Over 200  
Pounds Suffers From Bad  
Fall in Field.

SCOTSDALE, Aug 5.—Frank Chain, a well known farmer and thrasher, was the victim of a serious accident while hauling hay on Tuesday that may be of great danger to him. He was on top of a load when he fell from the front part having been on his knees as the load was moving along. He caught the wagon or the harness in his descent and managed to turn himself so that instead of alighting on his head, he struck on his back and hips.

Mr. Chain weighs about 260 pounds and is a sufferer from sciatic rheumatism, and the fall jarred the sciatic nerve, so that he suffered excruciatingly. He was able to get from the field to his home near Jacobs Creek Church, with help and by using a fork as a crutch, and has been confined to the house ever since.

### UNHAPPINESS DISPELLED.

Men and Women Unanimous About It.

Many women weep and wail and refuse to be comforted because their once magnificent tresses have become thin and faded. Many men feel to profanity because the flies bite through the thin thatch on their crowns. It will be good news to the millions of both sexes to learn that Newbro's Haircloth has been placed on the market. This is the new scalp germicide and antiseptic that acts by destroying the germ or microbe that is the underlying cause of all hair destruction. Haircloth is a new preparation made after a new formula on an entirely new principle. Anyone who has tried it will testify as to its worth. Try it yourself and be convinced. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Haircloth Co., Detroit, Mich.

One dollar bottles guaranteed by Graham & Co., special agents.

When You Want  
Anything advertise in our classified  
column. The cost is a word.

# REMNANT SALE

Our semi-annual sale commences Tuesday, August 3rd. Every remnant dress and skirt length, including silks, dress goods, gingham, lawns, batiste, linens, laces and embroidery are measured up in yards and prices marked in plain figures. Displayed on special tables so each person can be their own salesman. We also include ladies' trimmed and untrimmed hats, braids, waists, wash suits, skirts, dresses, silk petticoats and infants' wear. Also men's straw hats, shirts, underwear, hosiery and shoes. This sale offers remnants and odds and ends in every department without regard to cost or value.

### Infants' Wear

Short dresses, long dresses, short and long skirts, flannel skirts, booties and saques all at Remnant Prices.

### Children's White Dresses

All white dresses, 2 yrs. to 14 yrs. quoted at Remnant prices. Deep-cut in those that are mused, and odds and ends.

### Ready-to-Wear

Wrappers, Kimonos and two-piece House Dresses, all at Remnant Prices.

### Sheets and Pillow Cases

A special feature of this Remnant Sale will be the fine sheets and pillow cases at very deep cut prices. Cheaper grades, also at lowered prices.

### Curtains and Portiers

All odd lace curtains, single pairs, two, three and four pair lots, sill and full length, also panels, all marked at Remnant sale prices.

### Draperies

All kinds of piece goods such as madras, Swiss, net, etamine, burlap and denim are at Remnant prices. Heavy tapestries cut deep. Special cut-price on striped madras for portiers.

### Carpets, Mattings, Linoleums and Shades

All grain, tapestry and velvet carpets, all oil cloths and linoleums, porch mattings and shades marked low for Remnant days. Window shades a special feature.

### Quilts

Fresh, new designs in white crochet and marseilles quilts, all to be sold at remnant prices.

### Silks

Remnants and dress lengths, everything from plain taffeta to evening shades. This sale includes pongees, foulards, messalines, peau de soie, peau de cygne, and crepe de chene. Black, white and fancy satins for linings and dresses.

### Dress Goods and Suitings

Remnants, skirts and suit lengths, plain, fancy weaves for dress occasions, and tailorings.

### Black Remnants

Remnants of black dress goods in skirt and dress lengths, broadcloths, English suitings, mohans, cashmeres, voiles, Panamas and serges.

### Domestic Remnants

Seersuckers, gingham, chevrons, percales, muslins, cambrics and calicoes, lengths from 1 1/2 yards up to 8 yards.

### White Goods Remnants

Remnants of fine white wash goods, linens, madras, dummies, nansooks, India lmons, lingerie cloth and long cloth at such prices as will clean up the entire lot.

### Remnants of Laces

Remnants from 1/4 yd. to 6 yds of torchons, vals, venise laces and insertions. Remnants of lace nets and allovers, white, black and euru for waists and yokes.

### Embroidery Remnants

Both edges and insertions in Swiss, nansook and cambric.

### Remnants of Trimmings

Remnants of silk applique, in white, cream and colored. All fancy trimmings sacrificed.

### Gloves

Kid or fabric, short or long, every kind of gloves where there are odd lots. Black, white, mile, pink, grey, tan at remnant prices.

### Drawn Work

All odd and soiled doilies, scarfs and squares will be offered at slashing prices.

### Leather Goods

All odds and ends of leather goods from the cheapest leather to the most expensive seal and alligator hand bags. All leather belts at Remnant prices.

### Handkerchiefs

All odds and ends and soiled handkerchiefs from cheap cambric to fine imported, marked at Remnant prices.

### Hosiery

Women's and children's. All kinds, plain and fancy, from cotton to silk, at Remnant prices.

### Notion Remnants

Child's hose supporters, Pearl buttons, fancy buttons, silkateen, darning cotton, hooks and eyes, combs, elastics, brushes, pins, needles.

### Jewelry

All odds and ends of combs, belt pins, belt buckles at Remnant prices.

### Wash Belts

Well assorted lot at Remnant prices.

### Women's Neckwear

All odds and ends, mused or soiled collars, ruchings, jabots and ruffs cut deep and to be sold at Remnant prices.

### Ribbons and Velvets

Remnants of black and colored velvet ribbons and colored silk ribbons of all widths; also remnants of beltings.

### Linens

Remnants of table linens, towel, shirt waist and suiting linens at Remnant prices. All odd or soiled napkins, table cloths, towels and art linens at Remnant prices. Big cut in bath towels.

### Parasols

Ladies' parasols, the entire stock at Remnant prices. Beautiful, new and fresh every one a prime bargain. Children's parasols, 50c ones for 25c.

### Children's Headwear

All caps and bonnets, straw and fabric odds, ends and mused at deep-cut Remnant prices. See the Child's Sun Hats.

### Muslin Underwear

Odds and ends of petticoats, night gowns, corset covers, drawers and chemises, fresh and new, at Remnant prices.

### Corsets

Remnant day is always a great day to buy corsets at Remnant prices. Corsets for slender and stout people. You will find the stock containing sizes to suit.

### Knit Underwear

Women's sleeveless, half sleeves and long sleeves vests and drawers at Remnant prices. Children's and infants' knit underwear away down in price for this Remnant sale.

### Lawns

Fancy lawns that sell at 10c and 12c, some remnants, many dress lengths, all on sale at 5c.

# MACE & CO.

The Big Store.

Greater Connellsville.

### MEXICAN WOOING.

From Making Eyes at a Senorita to the Grand Serenade.

In the uncertain illumination of the electric lamps some of the senoritas of Tepic City appeared very attractive in breezy, fluffy gowns and fetching mantillas, and they knew it pretty well too. They like to have you look at them directly and admiringly, and they will not drop their eyes.

If you have the nerve to give one a look of this kind—such a look as would be considered extremely rude in any American city—the chances are when you meet her on the next turn you will be rewarded with a smile and a challenge from the black eyes and if you have a sufficient stock of nerve in reserve you will speak to her and pay her some complimentary remark upon the distinct opportunity that offers. This is good breeding and will not be resented.

Should you then become infatuated with the lady you will search out her home visit her barred window and moan under it for an hour or two every morning, and if you impress her favorably she will make your heart glad by talking with you through the bars or dropping little scented notes to you.

Should you become real serious you will hire a scribbled band to serenade her at night now and then. To conform with the custom you should start

your band out at midnight and let it play as long as your money lasts—Outing Magazine.

Two Ribs Broken  
Several people on him slip on a wet step and fall. Farly exclaiming himself from his umbrella, he set up such a wall of distress that every one in bearing ran to his assistance regardless of the drenching rain.

"Are you hurt?" asked a chorus of voices.

"Anything broken?" demanded another.

"Only two ribs," he muttered in tones of deep anguish as he wiped his bearded face on his sleeve.

Helping him up a kind man dragged him into a drug store. One thoughtful person suggested a glass of brandy another more generous said there were two ribs broken and a second glass followed the first.

"That'll make you feel better, old man. Ribs hurt you now?"

"What ribs?" he puzzled, smacking his lips.

"Why, the ones you said were broken?"

Oh, he replied getting on his feet and moving toward the door. Dey was de-ribb in me umbrella.—Judge

### Not His Fault.

The Post-Poets are born not made. The Girl—I know I wasn't blaming you.—Boston Transcript

### SALE OF

## Millinery

Sailors at

50c and \$1.00

Were from \$1.25 to \$3.00

One lot of Hats

\$1.00

Wore \$4.00 and \$5.00

A few Fine Hats left Will

be sold very cheap.

F. A. McFarland,

111 W Apple St., Connellsville

### The Hot Air Balloon

It is related that the hot air balloon had its origin in a perilous time. Montgolfier had washed her garment intending to wear it to a great festival the next day and hung it over a chafing dish to dry. The hot air swelled out its folds and floated it up into the air. The lady in astonishment, called her husband to see the sight. He at once grasped the idea and was not long in producing the hot air balloon.

## BARGAIN PRICES.

All our high grade Screen Doors, full run of sizes, are to be closed out at the door.

### PRESERVE KETTLES

Canning time is here. We have a new shipment of enameled kettles, blue mottled outside, white lined, 4 gallon size, perfect goods each

75c

5 gallon enameled Kettles, blue and white outside, white lined, perfect goods, each

99c

### FOR WORKINGMEN.

Just received The best Overall in the United States, per pair

50c

10 cases the best working shoes we have ever had, pair \$1.25 to

\$1.99

Dinner Buckets of every kind, any size, from \$1.10 down to

20c

### MILLINERY BARGAINS

Your choice of 42 trimmed hats. These hats sold from \$3.50 to \$7

at

\$1.99

Four dozen untrimmed hats, all the season's swell shapes, your choice

49c

## Schmitz' New York Racket Store.

Classified Ads 1c a Word They Bring Results

## COAL PRODUCTION IN WEST VIRGINIA

During the Year 1908  
Amounted to 41,897,  
834 Tons.

WORTH ALMOST \$1 A TON

Owing to Cheaper Methods of Production the Decrease Was Not So Marked As in Pennsylvania—Production in Alabama.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 5.—The total production of coal in West Virginia in 1908, as reported to E. W. Parker, of the United States Geological Survey, was 41,897,834 short tons, having a spot value of \$40,000,000. Owing to conditions more favorable for the cheap production of coal in West Virginia, the percentage of decrease during 1908 was less than in Pennsylvania, Maryland, Alabama, and Ohio. In a preliminary statement issued early in January, 1909, it was predicted that the output of coal in West Virginia would show a decrease between 10 and 15 per cent, which would reduce the tonnage to an amount about equal to that of 1906. The decrease was 6,104,740 short tons, or 12.85 per cent, from the output in 1907, and the 1908 production was 13,993,097 short tons less than in 1906. The decrease in Pennsylvania bituminous coal was 21.95 per cent, in Maryland 20.59 per cent, in Alabama 18.57 per cent, and in Ohio 18.27 per cent. The decrease in value of the production in 1908 was \$7,837,576, or 16.33 per cent.

Another reason why the percentage of decrease in West Virginia was less than in the States named is the fact that, except in the Kanawha district, few of the mines in the State have organized and there was no suspension of operations pending the adjustment of the wage scale. Although some vigorous attempts have been made from time to time to organize the coal miners of West Virginia, most of the mines continue to be operated on either the "open shop" or the non-union basis, though many of the mines in the Kanawha region have for several years been operated under agreements with the miners' union. The strike record for the State was a total of 6501 men who were idle for an average of 144 days each. Only four mines reported a suspension due to labor troubles.

The ten-hour day prevails in most of the mines, 403, employing 39,550 men, working ten hours a day in 1908; 180 mines, employing 14,425 men, worked nine hours, and 30 mines, employing 1,242 men, worked eight hours. West Virginia more than any other coal-producing State depends on market conditions outside of her own borders for the disposition of her coal product. The manufacturing industries of the State are comparatively unimportant when considered in connection with the large and cheap supply of high-grade fuel. Probably more than half of West Virginia's coal is shipped away to support manufacturing industries in other States.

The coal mines of West Virginia in 1908 gave employment to 56,861 men, who worked an average of 185 days, as compared with 50,029 men for the year 1907 and 54,915 tons in 1906, but the average daily production per man increased from 3.54 short tons in 1907 to 3.98 tons in 1908.

There was a substantial increase in the proportion of coal mined by the use of machines in 1908 as compared with the preceding year, although the actual machine-mined tonnage decreased. The number of machines in use increased from 1,503 in 1907 to 1,574 in 1908. The machine-mined coal decreased from 17,827,925 short tons to 16,652,174 tons, but the percentage of the machine-mined product to the total increased from 36.65 to 39.75. Of the total number of machines in use in 1908, 699 were pick machines, 809 chain machines, 53 long-wall machines, and 23 chain-shearer machines.

According to John Loring, chief of the West Virginia department of mines, the record of accidents in the coal mines of the State in 1908 was in favorable contrast to that of the preceding year, but the number of accidents was still large. The fatality record of 1907 was unusually bad because of the disaster at Monongah, which alone caused 361 deaths, and the total number of men killed in that year was 729. In 1908 the number of fatalities was reduced to 313, the largest single disaster being a dust explosion in the Lick Branch mine of the Pocahontas Consolidated Collieries Company, in which 60 men are said to have lost their lives. Falls of roof in rooms caused nearly half of the deaths and also injured 431 men. There were 10 men killed and 236 injured by being crushed by mine cars; four were killed and six injured by powder explosions; seven deaths were due to shaft accidents; explosions of gas and dust caused 64 deaths; and 37 deaths and 211 injuries were attributed to miscellaneous causes. The death rate per 1,000 employees was 6.5 in 1908 against 12.35 in 1907, and the number of tons of coal mined for each life lost was 133,859 in 1908, against 65,989 in 1907.

Among the important recent developments looking toward increased production of coal in West Virginia has been the completion of the Virginia Railway from Deepwater, on Kanawha river, to Sewalls Point, near Norfolk. This important outlet for West Virginia coal, the only railroad built from the coal fields to the seaboard, was completed in the spring of 1909 and will have a marked influence on the future production of the State. Another noteworthy development has been the construction of the Coal River Railroad from St. Albans into the rich coal fields of the Coal river valley. This road has been purchased by the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway and will be an important feeder to that line. The Coal & Coke railroad, extending from Charleston to Elkins and penetrating the coal fields in the central portion of the State, has under construction branch lines which will develop other coal fields. The indications are that when these railways are completed West Virginia will again take second rank among the coal-producing States. West Virginia occupied second place in 1906, but fell back to third in 1907 and 1908. The total production of coal in West Virginia to the close of 1908 amounted to 476,896,332 short tons, equivalent to an exhaustion of 715,000,000 short tons. Estimates by L. C. White, State Geologist, and M. R. Campbell, of the United States Geological Survey, based on a recent study of the coal fields, place the original supply in West Virginia at 150,000,000,000 short tons. The apparent supply now available therefore amounts to 149,235,000,000 short tons, about 3,500 times the production of 1908 and 2,100 times the exhaustion represented by that production.

For a quarter of a century, from 1890 to 1906, Alabama and West Virginia were close rivals for second place in the rank of coal-producing States, and during the last five years of that period each State held the place alternately. Since 1906, however, West Virginia has outranked Alabama and in 1907 produced over a million tons, or about a third more coal than her rival. It would appear, therefore, that West Virginia is permanently established as second among the coal-producing States. In 1908 West Virginia produced nearly 275,000 tons more than Alabama.

Alabama's production of coke decreased from 3,034,501 short tons in 1906 to 3,021,794 tons in 1907, and to 2,362,888 tons in 1908. The value, however, increased from \$8,477,800 in 1906 to \$9,216,194 in 1907, but fell off to \$7,169,901 in 1908. The decrease in 1908 as compared with 1907 was 659,128 short tons or 21.31 per cent, in quantity, and \$2,046,293 or 22.2 per cent in value.

The coke manufacturers of Alabama possess an advantage over those of West Virginia in having a home market for their product. This is illustrated particularly by the difference in value between Alabama's production and that of West Virginia. While West Virginia coke is certainly of as good a quality as that of Alabama, the value of the smaller tonnage of Alabama in 1908 was greater.

### BULLET TORE OUT TOOTH

Molar Was Bad and Man Shot at Refuses to Prosecute.

New York, Aug. 5.—Gus Williams refuses to prosecute Francis Canovio for shooting him because the shot perforated a real service. Williams annoyed Canovio until the latter is said to have fired a shot at him which went through both cheeks. In its progress the bullet tore out a tooth which had been aching Williams for a week and in appreciation of this relief Williams has refused to prosecute.

### ELECTION DECLARED VOID

Judge's Decision May Out Mayor of Lexington, Ky., From Office. Lexington, Ky., Aug. 5.—Judge Watts Parker in the circuit court declared the election for city officers held in 1907 null and void on the ground of fraud and corrupt methods. The effect of the decision is to oust Mayor Skain and three other officials from office. The officials, who are all Democrats, entered a motion for an appeal.

### PIQUED AT WHIPPING

Thirteen-Year-Old Girl Hangs Herself to a Tree.

Harrisburg, Ont., Aug. 5.—Clara, the thirteen-year-old daughter of G. J. Brathwaite, hotel keeper of this place, hanged herself to a tree. She had received a whipping from her stepmother.

The tree she selected was at a point where her father could be certain to see her body on his way home.

### Getting Down to Facts.

"I love you."  
"I've heard that before."  
"I worship you madly."  
"Loose talk."  
"I cannot live without your love."  
"Get some new stuff."  
"Will you marry me?"  
"Well, now, there's some class to that!"—Indianapolis News.

Rise of Creek Causes Much Damage. Rome, Ga., Aug. 5.—Six trestles and bridges were washed away by a sudden rise in Silver creek due to five days' almost incessant rain. Thousands of dollars damage has been done on farm lands and 5,000 cotton mill employees are temporarily idle.

Colombia Elects New President. Bogota, Colombia, Aug. 5.—Gonzales Valencia was elected president of the republic of Colombia by the national congress to fulfill the unexpired term of General Rafael Reyes, resigned.

## MRS. BESANT, THEOSOPHIST, NOW TOURING THE UNITED STATES



Mrs. Annie Besant, president of the Theosophical Society, whose headquarters are at Adyar, near Madras, India, has just arrived in this country and began a lecture tour of ten weeks, which will take her to the Pacific coast. The Theosophical Society is a world-wide organization, and its practitioners are in the habit of touring the world to attend the conventions of the society. The American section's convention will be held in Chicago in September. Mrs. Besant declares that spirit, not mind, will govern the race about to appear upon the earth. She also points to the lore of the ancient east for proof that a million years ago almighty hovered over earth, annihilating them with powerful explosives.

## FIGHTS WITH AUTO DRIVER.

Congressman Hefflin and  
Motorist Exchange  
Blows.

### SEPARATED BY REP. CLAYTON

Automobilist, Going at Good Speed Through Washington Street, Represents the Taking of His License Number.

Washington, Aug. 5.—Representative J. Thomas Hefflin of Alabama became involved in a personal encounter with an automobilist, whose name is said to be Johnson, on the streets of Washington. As no arrests were made the identity of Mr. Hefflin's antagonist could not be clearly established.

Mr. Hefflin and Representative Ollie James of Kentucky were crossing a street together when an automobile whizzed by them. Mr. James says the driver was handling the machine carelessly and was exceeding the speed limit, very nearly running them down. When the car came to a stop some distance up the street the two congressmen followed and took the car's number.

Observing this action, the automobilist followed and baited the congressmen. It is said, inquiring why they had taken his number, and asking their names. The congressmen replied that they intended to report him for fast and reckless driving and told him who they were. Denying their allegations, the driver is said to have made some remark that was exceedingly distasteful to Mr. Hefflin. Mr. Hefflin's rejoinder, it is said, was sharp and to the point.

Two southern representatives then moved away, but the automobilist, it is alleged, persisted after them, demanding Mr. Hefflin to withdraw his statement. The two men came together in front of a local hotel, but few blows were struck. Mr. James and Mr. Hefflin's colleague, Mr. Clayton, who had come up, separating the combatants before any damage had been done.

### HOPE FOR COMPROMISE

Chicago Officials Think Street Car Strike Can Be Averted.

Chicago, Aug. 5.—With 10,000 street car men voting today on the question of a walkout the attitude of reaction and city officers was that of hope that a strike would be avoided by compromise.

Mayor Buse expresses the opinion that there will be no strike. At the same time P. L. Bergott, a professional strikebreaker, who figured in the recent Philadelphia struggle, arrived here.

### Offer Pension to Ex-Shah.

Teheran, Aug. 5.—It is understood that the government has now offered Mohammed Ali, the ex-shah, an annual pension of \$75,000 on condition that he will deliver up the jewels enumerated in the nationalist inventory or inform the government how he disposed of the missing gems.

### PARISIAN CURIOSITY.

People Flock to See French Murderer Guillotined in Boulevard.

Paris, Aug. 5.—A sudden official announcement that a public beheading would take place in the boulevard fronting the Sans prison created a sensation in Paris, which had not seen an execution in fifteen years.

Immediately immense crowds gathered at the scene, but were kept back from the guillotine by heavy details of police and municipal guards. Parisian sentiment long has been opposed to public executions, for in the past they were accompanied by scandalous scenes of revelry.

Despite the sentiment, parliament refused to abolish the death penalty in France, and in view of the revolting crime of the man executed this morning President Faillieres refused to commute his sentence to life imprisonment. The victim was one Duchemin, aged twenty-three, a butcher. In 1908 he stabbed his mother and this not resulting in her death quick enough he finished her by strangulation.

As the trembling wretch stepped out of the wagon following a priest who was holding a crucifix before him it was seen that, according to the law dealing with paralytics, he was barefooted and his head covered with a transparent black veiling, while a cape of crude material but half concealed his naked chest.

Before the onlookers had time to express their wonderment at this strange and disconcerting sight, which gave one the impression that the victim was a woman and not man, the flowing veiling fell from the head, the cape from the shoulders and the victim was seized and thrown under the knife. In a flash all was over and the crowds dispersed without disorder.

### REPEAL BLUE LAWS

Statutes Enacted in 1722 Are Wiped Out by Connecticut Legislature.

Hartford, Conn., Aug. 5.—Both houses of the Connecticut legislature passed a bill repealing the so-called "blue laws" relating to Sunday observance, which forbid almost every form of recreation and secular activity. The laws are relics of enactments by the law-giving body of 1722.

The new Sunday bill is short. It defines the Sunday and prohibits all sports and secular activities "except such as are demanded by necessity and mercy and such as are for the general welfare of the community."

### RECEIVES WARNING

Life of Chinese Interpreter, Who Served in Sidel Case Is Threatened.

New York, Aug. 5.—Quinn-Yick Nam, the Chinese interpreter who gave his services to the police in their efforts to solve the murder of Elsie Sigel, has informed the district attorney's office that his life has been threatened by certain of his countrymen if he does not withdraw from the case. Mr. Mayor, assistant district attorney, invoked protection for him at the hearing on the application of Chung Shu, Leon Ling's friend, for a writ of habeas corpus.

Crazy Farmer Shoots and Kills. Chickassaw, Okla., Aug. 5.—S. V. McDonald, a farmer living near here, during a fit of insanity shot and killed his wife's brother, J. A. Thompson, and Mrs. Thompson and then shot himself. He attempted to shoot his own wife, but she escaped.

## STATE RESTS IN THAW CASE.

The Prisoner's Side Will  
Now Be Presented.

### ATTORNEY GLEASON TESTIFIES

Thaw's Original Legal Adviser Clears Up Few Old Mysteries and His Testimony Is Altogether Favorable to Pittsburgher.

White Plains, N. Y., Aug. 5.—The state has rested in the Thaw case and from now on it develops upon Harry K. Thaw and his attorney, Charles Morschauser, to offset the testimony of the state's alienists who have sworn without exception under cross-examination of District Attorney Jerome that Thaw is still insane and would be a menace to the community if released from the asylum at Matteawan.

Dr. Charles F. McDonald was the last alienist called by the state. He was followed by John B. Gleason, Thaw's original legal adviser after the shooting of Stanford White. Mr. Gleason came to Thaw's aid and cleared up a few old mysteries, sweeping away some of Thaw's apparent vagaries upon which Mr. Jerome has dwelt so persistently.

Mr. Gleason's most advantageous statement, from the prisoner's standpoint, concerned the dropping of the law firm of Black, Gruber, Olcott & Bonnyge and of L. L. DeLaford and the engagement of Delphin M. Delmas as chief counsel for Thaw. This had been done at his (Gleason's) orders, he said, and was not due to a whim of Thaw's.

Through Mr. Gleason, Thaw's lawyers hope to show that Thaw's attitude toward Stanford White was not due to delusions as the state contends, but was prompted by what Thaw knew of White's practices.

Trying to clear Thaw of another "delusion," Mr. Gleason presented a report of detectives regarding an alleged attempt on Thaw's life on the night of Dec. 24, 1903. The wording of this document was not made public, but it was introduced to counteract the state's contentions that Thaw had delusions concerning the "Monk" Eastman gang, which he believed had been engaged by his enemies to beat and perhaps kill him, and that after White's death the architect's friends entered into a conspiracy to railroad his slayer to Matteawan.

If he can show that Stanford White and a number of wealthy friends did maintain several establishments where young girls were ruined and that an attempt really was made on his client's life, Mr. Morschauser will be able to dissipate some of the "delusion" evidence of the state. He intimates that he has some surprises in store for the remaining days of the hearing, including ten lay witnesses who may testify as to what Thaw knew of White.

### CHIEF SHIPPY RESIGNS

B. J. Mullaney Asked to Become Head of Chicago Police.

Chicago, Aug. 5.—Bernard J. Mullaney, private secretary to Mayor Fred A. Buse, was asked last night by the mayor to accept the office of chief of police of Chicago to succeed George W. Shippy, who resigned.

Mr. Mullaney is thirty-eight years old. He was a political reporter on various Chicago papers for many years, later going into the advertising business and then conducting the campaign that put Mr. Buse into office. If he accepts the post Chicago's police department will have its first civilian head since Joseph J. Radenoch was appointed in 1876.

### HELD FOR GRAND JURY

Wong Bow Chong Unmoved When Accused of Murder of Vice Consul.

New York, Aug. 6.—Wong Bow Chong, the Chinaman who has been in custody since Saturday following the fatal shooting of Luk Wing, the Chinese vice consul in this city, was accused of deliberate murder by the coroner's jury.

Wong Bow Chong sat with impassive face throughout the inquest. He had nothing to say and was recommended to the tombs prison to await the action of the grand jury.

### FLEET OFF FOR CAPES

Big Squadron Finishes Its Work in Cape Cod Bay.

Provincetown, Mass., Aug. 5.—Quietly and without display, the battleships of the North Atlantic fleet, which have been practicing in Cape Cod bay for the past month, steamed out of this harbor bound for Hampton Roads, Va.

Off the Virginia Capes they will supplement their practice in the calm waters of Cape Cod bay with maneuvers and other work under rougher conditions.

Total Abstinence Impracticable. Chicago, Aug. 5.—Cardinal Gibbons, head of the Roman Catholic church in the United States, declared in Chicago enforced total abstinence would be impracticable. The revocation of all such licenses, he declared, "would result in a surreptitious sale of liquor."

## Get a Money Order From this Bank

when you want to send money anywhere, it's safer, quicker, cheaper to make a payment with a Bank Money Order than with either postoffice or express money orders. No red tape, no application to make out; won't take more than a minute to get a Money Order as good as gold anywhere in the United States. Our Foreign Department issues Money Orders on all Foreign Countries.

## THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

"THE BANK THAT DOES THINGS FOR YOU."

46 Main Street, Connellsville.  
4 Per Cent. on Savings. \$1.00 Opens an Account.

## Old Age is Coming

But there is no occasion for fear of approaching age, when the comforts of life are assured by a savings bank account. Now is the time to lay by the dollars for use when old-age makes work impossible.

Our bank is the very best place for your savings. We pay 4 per cent, compound interest, and your money is absolutely safe, protected by a capital and surplus of \$160,000 and 38 years of successful banking experience.

## The Yough National Bank

## Opportunity is Said to Knock But Once.

but you have a chance to open an account with this bank six days out of every week. Once you have started to saving a part of your earnings you will be prepared whenever a good business opportunity presents itself.

Having a Bank Account helps create business ability.

4 Per Cent on Savings.

## Second National Bank, The New Building.

Connellsville, Pa.

## New Haven National Bank.

Main Street, NEW HAVEN, PA.

A Strong Progressive Bank, Equipped  
to Give You Efficient Service.

4% INTEREST ON SAVINGS.

## The Colonial National Bank

MAIN AND PITTSBURG STREETS,  
CONNELLSVILLE, PENNA.

Capital \$100,000.00 Surplus, \$35,000.00  
3 Per Cent. Paid on Deposits, Payable on Demand.  
4 Per Cent. Paid on Time Deposits. Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.

## Good Times on the Way!

Everything points to a general resumption of business. When it comes remember the dull times you are going through and be prepared by having an account in this SAFE, SOUND and STRONG BANK. With its Capital and surplus of \$225,000.00 you are guaranteed absolute safety. 3 per cent. on deposits payable on demand. 4 per cent. paid on all savings accounts. Interest compounded semi-annually.

## TITLE & TRUST CO. OF WESTERN PENN'A

The Oldest Savings Bank in Fayette County.

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HAVE YOU TRIED OUR CLASSIFIED ADLETS?



# NO MORE MINE FIRES OR EXPLOSIONS IS THE PROPHECY.

Two Inventions Whose Inventors Would Draw Dangerous Air Out and Render First Aid to Entombed.

## INTERESTING RESULTS OF STUDY

Frank T. Byers of Mt. Pleasant Patents Process and Dawson & Bartow, of Somerset and Lawrence Counties Are Applying.

Several inventions have been brought out lately of interest to the miners and coke workers of the Connelville region, and two of the devices or methods, one to prevent mine explosions and one also to put out fires, have a similarity of detail.

Frank T. Byers of Mt. Pleasant has been granted a patent on a method of extinguishing mine fires. Robert C. Dawson of Wampum, Lawrence county, and Harry Bartow of Sunbury, Somerset county, have applied for a patent on a "certain new and useful improvement in systems of ventilating mines and rendering first aid to entombed miners."

They prophesy that there will be no more explosions once their device comes in to use. In the method of Dawson and Bartow, if their theory is put into practice, will render explosions in mines a thing of the past, according to the opinion of seven first class certificate mine foremen who have investigated the invention. The invention is really that of Mr. Dawson and is simply the extraction of gas from mines by the suction method instead of by pressure. Mr. Byers says: "My invention relates to the prevention of mine disasters, and particularly to a method of extinguishing fire in any portion of the mine and preventing its spread from one portion or compartment to another. The object of my invention is to reduce the danger to miners, and especially to those employed in operating coal mines in which there is danger of fire due to the explosion of fire damp or other gases from the fire dust which may be present therein."

Mr. Dawson not only takes the gas out of the mine, but intends to use it outside for fuel or light. At most all mines today are equipped with huge fans that drive fresh air into the mines and expel the foul air and gases. Gas being lighter than air rises to the top of the mine, and floats along the air currents near the roof. Neither Mr. Byers nor Mr. Dawson would try to drive the bad air out. They would literally speaking reverse the machinery and suck the bad air and gases out. An engine would be on the exterior of the mine as now, and from it would lead a pipe line under the floor of the headings and imbedded in the walls.

Mr. Dawson would have his pipe line broken about every 60 feet with an upright pipe along the wall, an elbow extending from it on the roof, perforated to take in the gases, and carry them to the outdoors. Another pipe line along the floor could serve another purpose. Inside the pipe a smaller pipe could be run, and through the smaller pipe fresh air could be forced into the mine and food and drink through the smaller one, to facets or "stations," placed so that they could be reached by miners imprisoned by a cave in. This would result, in Mr. Dawson's opinion, in the minimizing of explosions, and eradicate them altogether if every mine were so equipped.

Mr. Byers in discussing his invention says that the introduction of coal cutting machinery, with the attendant dust from its operation, has greatly increased the danger of explosions, with the use of gunpowder or other explosives, and the introduction of electricity for lighting and power. The coal cutting machinery throws down great quantities of dust that mixes with the air, and creates a dangerous mixture. Great danger also arises from the violent flames caused by the discharges and they are not only liable to shock the atmosphere and thus call forth an unexpected rush of fire damp, or gas, but to ignite the dust that these very explosions has thrown up, and in this way bring about terrible catastrophes in mines where the apparent absence of fire damp may cause the miner to believe that he is safe. He says that sparks from crowded wires are a frequent cause of explosions. The great shocks of the explosives in the mine also weaken the roof and starts cracks that, perhaps months after, cause the roof to fall, thus opening up gas wells or feeders of gas that start disastrous mine fires, that immediate efforts must be made to combat.

In the maze of mine fires he drops the doors that are drawn up at other times and thus seals up that part of the mine where the fire rages. The exhaust pipe leading into the section is set at work to reduce the atmospheric pressure in the sealed heading and withdraw the air that supports combustion. This will soon reduce the fire, as no fresh air will be allowed to enter. This will eventually extinguish the fire, but to hasten the process he throws a jet of steam in through the pipes and this with the absence of air soon extinguishes the flames. The doors are so arranged that miners can enter without disturbing the reduced pressure. The suction employed also draws out any gas that may have started and the reduced

tion of the pressure causes any loose part of the roof or walls to fall in at once.

Mr. Dawson by quantities of slate, shale, coal, water, rock, earth, etc., from the Wampum mines has studied the matter. He concludes that to baffle the liberation of natural gas in mines there lies a danger made doubly great by the presence of a small percentage of phosphine or arsine, which he says he found to be generated by the chemical action of the strong acid mine water coming in contact with the shale and limestone found next the coal. A peculiar and treacherous feature of the phosphine or arsine is that it explodes upon coming in contact with pure air. A number of these explosions were prohibited by Mr. Dawson. The opening and shutting of trap doors, causing the gas to be separated would be enough to cause an explosion.

Mr. Dawson learned by his experiments that if phosphine or arsine is present in natural gas it can be exploded without a flame, by simply disturbing the accumulation until the phosphine or arsine gets next the natural air strata when a terrific explosion takes place. Mr. Dawson would not do away with the fan method of forcing air in, but that in this there is the danger of phosphine or arsine gas explosions.

## PIG IRON PRICES CONTINUE UPWARD

Excessive Humidity of the Weather Only Thing That Interferes With an Unusual Midsummer Activity.

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—The American Metal Market and Daily Iron and Steel Report says:

"The trend of iron and steel prices continues upward. Basic pig iron is quoted at \$17 delivered in the east and at \$16.25, Valley furnaces, advances of \$1 and 25 cents respectively in the week, while Bessemer has jumped 50 cents, to \$16, Valley. Foundry iron has firmed up all along the line, and \$16.25 is difficult to do with the Valley furnaces, but sales for fourth quarter have been made this week at the price. The Carnegie Steel Company is regarded as having withdrawn its prices of \$12.50 on bars and \$13.50 on plates and shapes, putting the regular quoted market at \$12.50 for bars and \$14.00 for plates and shapes, but all such prices are really nominal. Within the week bars have sold at \$12.20 and with all these products prices are subject to negotiation. In the past two or three months a good many buyers have probably paid more than they should, through carelessness engendered by the long absence and sudden return of open market conditions."

"The total volume of business done is not large, as the market goes, but it has been quite large for a midsummer period. The mills are well filled with business for the next couple of months, but statements that they are filled for the balance of the year should be accompanied by some modifying phrase relative to the continuance of the present bullish enthusiasm."

"The extreme humidity in July has acted against large blast furnace output and it is doubtful whether the June rate of production has been exceeded, although with the blowing in of additional furnaces it would have been exceeded with similar weather conditions."

"The expected advance in merchant steel pipe was not announced this week, although some daily newspapers assuming inerrancy on the part of modest predictions by the trade press have printed as a fact that it was."

## ONLY CLOTHING FOUND

Trunks Seized in Chicago Thought to Have Held Kidnaped Children.

St. Louis, Aug. 5.—The police received word from Chicago that only clothing was found in the trunks seized there in connection with the Viviano kidnapping case. The discovery that three trunks had been shipped from St. Louis to Chicago by men suspected of the kidnapping of Grace and Tommaso Viviano confirmed the police in the belief that the disappearance of the children and the demand of \$25,000 ransom for them was the result of a carefully laid plot which did not, however, contemplate harm to the children.

## MAKE ATTACK ON CHURCH

Mob of Mexican Railroad Employees Beat the Worshipers.

Mexico City, Mex., Aug. 5.—Shouting "Viva Reyes," a mob of railroad employees celebrated their last payday by surrounding the Protestant church of Calle Benito Juarez and vigorously assaulting the place.

Some of the fifty worshipers within were bruised and beaten. The mob was dispersed by mounted policemen, who arrived about the time some of the members of the congregation came to the door and began to fire their pistols into the air. All the windows in the church were smashed.

# PAID IN FULL

Novelized From Eugene Walter's Great Play

## CHAPTER XII.

WHEN Jimmy Smith had told Emma and Joe that Captain Williams lived in a little south sea island, took moved into his flat and that it was dirty the description had done justice to the place in a general way. It was in a hotel not far from that in which the Brookses had so recently taken up their residence, and the living room was a curious combination of natural history museum and ship's cabin.

A wooden cupboard in the center did duty for a round table, and on it, in addition to an electric reading lamp, an untidy litter of papers and magazines, some writing paper, envelopes, pens and ink, were a large tin box of tobacco and a melon containing pipes of wood and meerschaum of all sizes, shapes and colors. Remarkable among the few chairs of rattan or rush was one, a large rocking chair, partially constructed of two small anchors, the flukes forming the rockers. In a corner over a comfortable lounge was a canopy made of a piece of sail canvas supported by south sea island spears and decorated with leather shields, warclubs, boomerangs and other native weapons, together with necklaces and various ornaments of sharks' teeth. Covering the walls were stuffed fishes of weird shape. Over the entrance door was a ship's wheel and on the mantel a model of an old time trading schooner with all sails set. Among other objects on the mantel also was a faded daguerrotype showing Captain Williams as a young man, in uniform. On each side of the cupboard was a dirty cuspidor. The carpet also was dirty and spotted, and dust had settled thickly everywhere. In this queer abode Williams lived alone, save for Sato, a Japanese valet, who had served him for many years.

The massive form of the captain himself, minus his coat, might have been described in the light of the lamp through the cloud of tobacco smoke that enveloped him as he sat reading a magazine some time after his departure from the home of Mr. and Mrs. Brooks. He was rather annoyed when the telephone bell rang and had he not been expecting Smith would not have troubled to answer it. As it was, he swore a little and rose lazily to respond.

"Hello! Yes, this is Captain Williams," he said in his usual stentorian voice. "What, Brooks? I won't talk with you over the phone—no—what Mrs. Brooks? What—how? Well, well! Yes, I'm at home—yes. Right away, you say? Yes, I'll wait."

"Williams could hardly believe what he had heard. He turned it over in his mind for fully three minutes figuring out just what it could mean. "Going to send his wife here? What a skunk he is!" he grunted.

He ambled to the telephone again and instructed the hotel clerk that if any visitors called to see him they were to be shown right up. From there he went to the door of an adjoining room and roared for his valet.

"Any beer on ice?" he demanded when the Japanese, who evidently had been asleep, presented himself.

"Yes, sir."

"Got lines and rum—the kind I brought up from the West Indies?"

"Yes, sir."

"Plenty beer?"

"Yes, sir."

"That's all."

He could not get over the wonder Brooks' telephone communication had caused him.

"Told her he'd got a raise of pay, eh? What a skunk he is! And what a girl she is!"

He gazed abstractedly at the model of the schooner on the mantel, and to him and became buried in thought so deep that he actually stopped smoking and let his pipe go out. Presently he roused himself, fished a sheet of writing paper from among the reading matter on the capstan table and wrote something upon it, after which he folded the paper carefully and hid it between the leaves of a magazine.

Then he shouted again for his valet.

"Sato," he ordered, "bring my slippers and smoking jacket. There's a lady coming to see me."

The man grinned knowingly.

"You might as well take a walk, Sato."

"Yes, sir."

"And you needn't come back right away."

"No, sir."

"Here's a couple of dollars for you. Take 'em and get to blazes out of here. Sato!"

"Yes, sir."

"And stay out!" he recommended as the Japanese prepared to obey.

When the valet had vanished the captain took a survey of his domain rather anxiously.

"It's a little dirty—a little dirty—but I'll have to do," he muttered.

There was a knock at the door. Williams watched his physiognomy in the most amiable smile which it was capable, felt his tie to assure himself that it had not slipped round toward his left ear, as it had a bad habit of doing when he had tumbled and clamped in place, and went to let his visitor in.

The caller, however, was only Smith. "Come in, but make your business short," was Williams' blunt greeting.

"I'm expecting an important visitor," "All right, captain," responded Smith tranquilly, entering and helping himself to a chair.

"Have a pipe?" invited the host, pushing the tobacco tin toward him.

"Too hot," was the laconic declaration.

"Well, how did you leave the Brooks family?"

"She knows."

"You tell her?"

"Didn't think he had the nerve."

"He hasn't."

"How's that?"

"It was because he lost it that he told me. He lost it right out the moment the door was closed on you."

"Didn't have a row?"

"Don't know. She took it like a major and asked me to leave 'em alone."

"That's natural."

"Have you got the exact figures?"

"What figures?"

"Of how much he took."

"I guess so—to the penny," said Williams, reaching for a memorandum book and consulting it. "It was just \$18,350 three days ago."

"Any more now?"

"Not that I know of. Guess that covers it."

Smith shook his head moodily.

"That's too bad—too bad," he murmured.

"That's right, it is too bad," agreed the captain.

Smith thought for a minute, looked straight at the captain, who was regarding him curiously and said firmly and more quickly than his employer had ever heard him speak before:

"Williams, I don't think I'll take three minutes for you and me to come to an understanding about Brooks."

"What about him?"

"I want to square this thing for him."

"Where do you come in, Smith?"

"In plain words, Williams, that's my business. But I want to square it."

"How do you think you can square it, Smith?"

As Jimmy prepared to answer the question he fell back into his old familiar drawl.

"Well, Williams," he said, "you ain't got any callous on your fingers from handling out coin, to the folks who've worked for you, but I've always been treated about right."

"You were always worth treating right, Smith."

"Thanks."

"Always found you a fair man—doing things you said you'd do in a fair way."

"I ain't never been much of a spendthrift, Williams. I've saved and been a little lucky in forecasting the little I've had. I can raise about \$14,000 by noon tomorrow, and I'll give you my note for the rest, with security—I mean collateral."

"So it ain't none of my business why you do this?"

"Exactly."

"Smith, I don't think you can square this little matter for Brooks."

"Don't think my note's good, eh?"

"Tain't that. You couldn't square this, Smith, if you hid a million right in your clothes this minute."

"Why not?"

"To tell the truth, I'm going to open negotiations with another party."

"That so?"

"Mrs. Brooks."

"How?"

"She's coming up here to see me soon. Maybe she and me can come to some mutually pleasant arrangement that will keep Brooks out of jail."

"When is she coming?"

The captain puffed at his pipe and scrutinized Smith's face closely as he replied:

"Expect her any moment."

"How do you know?"

"Telephoned."

If Williams expected to see any sign in his visitor of the utter amazement, the profound consternation, the imparting of this information caused, he was doomed to disappointment. Smith remained as unshaken as the Sphinx. But it was sixty seconds before he spoke.

"I suppose that's a hint for me to be on my way?"

"That's about the meaning I meant to convey," admitted the captain, without circumlocution.

"Jimmy rose slowly, took his hat and went toward the door. Before he reached it he turned.

"Williams," he said, "you know I've known Emma—Mrs. Brooks—ever since she was in short clothes and used to come down to the office to go home with her daddy."

"So I've heard."

"She's always been able to look into my face with them big blue eyes and smile. Some time—some day—if I get back—I'm going to make it my business to see her."

"All right."

"And if she shouldn't happen to look up into my face and smile I'm going to find you, Williams, and I'm coming healed."

The captain puffed his pipe placidly.

"What style heels might you be wearing, now, Smith?" he inquired, with great deliberation.

"Well," answered the always deliberate Jimmy, "if you should consult the particular shoemaker who furnishes them he'd describe that heel as of 45 caliber."

"Good heel, Smith," said the captain dryly.

Smith did not reply.

Williams gazed in the direction of the door after his superintendent had closed it. There was an enigmatical smile on his face. It slowly died away, and his pugnacious underjaw

By John W. Harding

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"He'd describe that heel as of 45 caliber," he volunteered. It was a formidable looking weapon, with a long barrel. He broke the breach, examined the cartridges and replaced it in his pocket. "Darned if he wouldn't do it, too," he muttered.

## CHAPTER XIII.

REMEMORCE may be the least active of all the moral senses. Still, there is no heart absolutely without it. No sooner had his wife passed from his view than it became active in Brooks, having been fired by the flicker of shame that the full realization of his villainy had provoked as he took down the receiver of the telephone to call Captain Williams.

In forcing Emma to deliver herself into the hands of his employer he had not actually believed that it would be necessary for her to make the supreme sacrifice. "You can handle him all right," he had told her. "You know how far you can let a man go—all women know that." But he had been willing to take the chance that this sacrifice would be exacted, and, knowing only too well the brutal sensuousness of Williams, his notorious depravity and that he had cast what he had taken to be long ere now on Emma, he now had no doubt whatever that it would be.

The captain was not the man to give anything for nothing, to part with money without receiving full value. With his great physical strength and his will that overbore and wore down all opposition, how would the gentle, subservient nature of Emma be able to hold out against him? Reduced to helplessness by his all dominating power, with the alternative of compliance or their ruin held out to her, she would have to submit.

Brooks pictured the scene as though it were being enacted before him, and he went hot and cold, and a sweat of agony broke out all over him. "No, no, no!"

He uttered aloud the protest wrung from his willing soul by his half re-suscitated manhood. He clutched his throat, struck himself in the mouth with such violence that his teeth cut his chin, seized his hat and dashed wildly for the door. For a moment he there and held up a restraining finger. Down stairs were three central office detectives. On the morrow, in a few hours, at the office where he had worked for five years, these men, at the behest of his employer, would place their hands on his arms, and he would be under arrest. He saw himself being led out, handcuffed, under the mocking eyes of his fellow clerks and the customers.

He closed the door again and turned from it, cowardice at his heels, whispering sophistical prudences, counseling the potlorn's discretion, throwing specious appeals to his conscience. Something had to be done. No other course than that he had taken had been possible under the circumstances. Between him and state prison stood Emma. She alone on earth could save him, if salvation were possible. Punishment and immunity at that moment perhaps held the balance even. The giving or withholding of a kiss would turn the scales either way. The giving of it would brand him with that peculiar stamp of infamy which when recognized by men caused them to draw away with rising gorge and spurn the bearer. But none would know of the sacrifice—no one save the victim, Williams and himself. Other women had done as much in pressing emergencies to save their husbands from public dishonor. Some had bargained their favors to insure office or advancement for husbands or sons, some for dress and jewels their husbands could not give them. He him-

## THE PEOPLE ARE AROUSED

They No Longer Doubt—Testimonials Are Usual.

The Root Juice people came here to prove reports that were circulating over the country in relation to the many remarkable cures the great remedy was making. Hundreds of people that heard of the remedy crowded into the drug store and bought, some of it, and after taking it a short while many returned for more and urged their friends to try it. Many local testimonials were published in this paper until it became useless, as so many of this city know of many cures it has made and is making. It has certainly proved to be the greatest remedy known for the stomach, liver, kidneys and blood. It is remarkable the way it heals the stomach and bowels and gives strength to the liver and kidneys. Out of all of the hundreds that gave this remedy a fair trial at this point, not a single one has been heard to condemn it, but on the contrary, many who suffered for years with indigestion, chronic constipation, rheumatism, and various kidney complaints, after taking a few bottles of the Juice, claim a positive cure. So the great remedy does not merely patch. IT CURES. Root Juice is sold for \$1 a bottle, six bottles for \$5, at Graham & Company's drug store.

self would never seek to know just what had passed between his wife and the captain. He was free to assume that he had worried unnecessarily; that nothing of what he felt certain was happening had occurred, to surmise that it had not been necessary for Emma to resort to complete surrender. What he did not know could not trouble him. Anyhow, it was too late now. The die had been cast. The chief thing—nay, the one thing—he had to fear was that her mission might be unsuccessful; that she could not purchase his freedom at any price whatsoever.

The possibility of this twisted his selfish heart with anguish again. Oh, why had he got himself into this trouble?

When gonaded to desperation and recklessness he had taken the first \$10 from the money he had collected he had no idea of not returning it somehow. It had brought a good deal of pleasure to Emma and himself, lightened their hard penny with a gleam of brightness. But \$10 then had been a lot of money. It had not been possible to replace it at once. It was far easier to fix his accounts so that the sum would not be missed. He had yielded to the temptation and had so fixed them.

Jenkins, his fellow employee in the office, was a follower of horse racing in his small way. Now and then he risked a dollar or two in a nearby pool room, and sometimes he won. A few days after Brooks had fulfilled the books to cover up his \$10, Jenkins had confided to his office cronies that he had a tip of which he felt so sure that he was prepared to pawn his last shabest to back it. Many others had decided to take a chance, and, having no money of his own, Brooks had taken an advance on his salary out of his collections and followed their example. The odds they had obtained were 5 to 1, and the horse had won. Out of his winnings Brooks had replaced the money he had helped himself to.

The pool room and the availability of the company's money had offered to him a great opportunity to win what he could not earn, and, encouraged by his first success, he had taken advantage of it. He had begun by making a study of racing and risking small sums. Luck had been with him, and he had won time and time again. He had wanted his wife to share his good fortune, but had not dared to tell her how he had obtained the money, so he had invented the story of outside work. His run of luck had continued, however, until it had become phenomenal, and this it was that had caused his extravagant optimism. He had wagered larger and larger sums until his winnings had represented a secret bank and had \$3,000. It was one day when he had "plunged" and won a thousand dollars that he had conceived the fiction of his promotion with reward of back pay.

Soon after their installation in their more expensive quarters, however, a series of reverses had come. His luck had deserted him. First his bank account went; then he had drawn on the collections in his efforts to retrieve his losses. He had plunged and lost, plunged and won, plunged again and lost. It had not been long before his "borrowings" had reached such a terrifying amount that he had realized that discovery was inevitable unless he could replace the money within brief delay. He had clung to the desperate hope that by wagering heavily he could win enough, during Williams' absence to hide his piling losses and postpone examination. While this could be deferred there was hope. Now he knew that his cunning, relentless employer had been watching his gradually tottering progress on the tight rope of dishonesty, and, preparing a trap to catch him in, had chosen his own time to spring it.

At the thought of this Brooks worked himself into a perfect frenzy of fury. He raged up and down the room, cursing Williams, and buried a cushion to the floor and ground it with his foot as though it were his enemy's hated face. "You have cheated me out of a living, you scound!" he almost howled. "And now you have taken my wife!"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Wants, for rent, for sale, etc., cost only one cent a word.

## PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

Potatoes—Fancy, bbl., \$2.25@2.50. Poultry (Live)—Cocks, 10@11; ducks, 9@10; turkeys, 13@14. Eggs—Selected, 25 1/2@26; at mark, 24@25. Butter—Prints, 28@29 1/4; tubs, 28 1/2@29; Pennsylvania and Ohio creamery, 28 1/4@27.

Herr's Island Live Stock. Cattle—Receipts light and prime steady. Choice, \$6.50@6.75; market, \$6.15@6.40; good, \$5.75@6.10; tidy butchers, \$5.15@5.65; fair, \$4.25@5.10; bulls, \$3@5; heifers, \$3@5; common to good fat cows, \$2.50@4.75; fresh cows and springers, \$2@5.50.

Sheep and Lambs—Supply light; market slow on sheep and steady on lambs. Prime wethers, \$1.75@4.35; good mixed, \$1.50@4.70; fair mixed, \$1.40@4.00; culls and common, \$1.50@3; lambs, \$4@7; veal calves, \$7.50@8; heavy and thin calves, \$5@8.

Hogs—Receipts, 10 double decks; market lower. Prime heavy hogs, \$8.30; mediums and heavy Yorkers, \$8.20@8.25; light Yorkers, \$8.15.

## Chicago Grain Market.

Chicago, Aug. 4.—Wheat sold below the dollar mark on the board of trade today for the first time in several months when December, which was liquidated on the prospects of a big crop in the northwest dropped to 99 1/2¢. At the close the various options showed a net decline of from 1/4¢ to 1/2¢. Corn declined 1/4¢ to 1 1/4¢ and oats finished weak. Provisions were steady. September options closed: Wheat, \$1.01 1/2@1.01 1/4; corn, 63 1/2@63 1/4; oats, 36 1/2¢.



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